Author's Accepted Manuscript

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PII: S0304-3878(16)30095-5 http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.jdeveco.2016.11.003 DOI: Reference: **DEVEC2106**

To appear in: Journal of Development Economics

Received date: 5 May 2016 Revised date: 27 September 2016 Accepted date: 17 November 2016

Cite this article as: Rachel Heath, Fertility at Work: Children and Women's Labor Market Outcomes in Urban Ghana, Journal of Development Economics http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.jdeveco.2016.11.003

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Rachel Heath *

December 1, 2016

Abstract

While it is commonly assumed that fertility decreases female labor supply, I show theoretically that fertility can increase female labor supply if returns to financial inputs in children are sufficiently high compared to returns to time investments. Using six rounds of a panel survey from urban Ghana, I find evidence of countervailing effects behind a net zero effect of young children on women's hours of work: labor supply on the extensive margin drops, but women who remain in the labor force increase their hours in response to a child. Women's labor supply particularly increases in response to a young child if there are older siblings or other adults in the household. By contrast, men's labor supply does not change in response to young children.

Keywords: labor supply, fertility, children, gender, Ghana JEL Classifications: J13, J22, O12

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