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Labor Market Opportunities and Women's Decision Making Power within Households

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Abstract

Despite the perceived importance of labor market opportunities in shaping married women's outside option, and their bargaining power within households as a result, this link has received very little empirical attention. Using longitudinal data on who makes the decision on a wide range of issues within Mexican households and data from the administrative records of the Mexican Social Security Institute, this paper identifies the effects of relative changes in labor market opportunities for men and women on both working and non-working women's decision making power. I find that increases in labor market opportunities improve women's decision-making power as well as children's health. Using differential labor demand shocks across Mexican industries caused by China's admission to the WTO gives similar results.

Keywords: Labor Market Opportunities; Bargaining Power; Household Decisions; Trade Induced Shocks

^{*}Department of Economics, Lund University, Sweden. E-mail: kaveh.majlesi@nek.lu.se I am very grateful to Sandra E. Black and Leigh L. Linden for their extensive feedback on this paper. I also thank Eduardo Gonzalez Pier and Judith Frias at IMSS for making available the Mexican Municipality level employment data, the editor Robert Jensen and two anonymous referees for their very helpful comments, and Jason Abrevaya, Prashant Bharadwaj, Nicholas Bloom, Emily Oster, Robert Pollak, Dani Rodrik, Steve Trejo, Thomas Wiseman, and participants at the NEUDC Conference at Yale, the Conference on Inequalities in Children's Outcomes in Developing Countries at Oxford, the Workshop on Gender Economics in Madrid, and various seminars for discussion and suggestions. All errors are mine.

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