# **Accepted Manuscript**

Granger causality, exogeneity, cointegration, and economic policy analysis

Halbert White, Davide Pettenuzzo

PII: S0304-4076(13)00194-2

DOI: http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.jeconom.2013.08.030

Reference: ECONOM 3823

To appear in: Journal of Econometrics



Please cite this article as: White, H., Pettenuzzo, D., Granger causality, exogeneity, cointegration, and economic policy analysis. *Journal of Econometrics* (2013), http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.jeconom.2013.08.030

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting proof before it is published in its final form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.

# ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

# Granger Causality, Exogeneity, Cointegration, and Economic Policy Analysis

Halbert White
Department of Economics
University of California, San Diego

Davide Pettenuzzo
Department of Economics
Brandeis University

September 13, 2013

#### Abstract

Policy analysis had long been a main interest of Clive Granger's. Here, we present a framework for economic policy analysis that provides a novel integration of several fundamental concepts at the heart of Granger's contributions to time-series analysis. We work with a dynamic structural system analyzed by White and Lu (2010) with well defined causal meaning; under suitable conditional exogeneity restrictions, Granger causality coincides with this structural notion. The system contains target and control subsystems, with possibly integrated or cointegrated behavior. We ensure the invariance of the target subsystem to policy interventions using an explicitly causal partial equilibrium recursivity condition. Policy effectiveness is ensured by another explicit causality condition. These properties only involve the data generating process; models play a subsidiary role. Our framework thus complements that of of Ericsson, Hendry, and Mizon (1998) (EHM) by providing conditions for policy analysis alternative to weak, strong, and super-exogeneity. This makes possible policy analysis for systems that may fail EHM's conditions. It also facilitates analysis of the cointegrating properties of systems subject to policymaker control. We discuss a variety of practical procedures useful for analyzing such systems and illustrate with an application to a simple model of the U.S. macroeconomy.

Acknowledgements: The authors thank Peter Boswijk, Graham Elliott, Jim Hamilton, Sir David Hendry, Peter Phillips, Sophocles Mavroeidis, the participants of the 2010 Nottingham Sir Clive Granger Memorial Conference, and the anonymous referees for helpful comments and suggestions. We thank Meng Huang of Bates White, LLC for excellent research assistance. Any errors are solely the authors's responsibility.

## 1 Introduction

Although just three of Clive Granger's many papers explicitly focus on aspects of policy analysis (Granger, 1973; Granger, 1988; and Granger and Deutsch, 1992), a central and long-standing concern evident throughout his work is that econometric theory and practice should be informative and useful to policymakers. In this paper, we further this objective by providing a novel framework for economic policy analysis that blends together a number of concepts at the heart of Granger's contributions to time-series econometrics: causality, exogeneity, cointegration, and model specification.

## Download English Version:

# https://daneshyari.com/en/article/5096228

Download Persian Version:

https://daneshyari.com/article/5096228

Daneshyari.com