

Author's Accepted Manuscript

International Business Cycles and Risk Sharing
with Uncertainty Shocks and Recursive Preferences

Robert Kollmann



www.elsevier.com/locate/jedc

PII: S0165-1889(16)30032-X
DOI: <http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.jedc.2016.03.005>
Reference: DYNCON3280

To appear in: *Journal of Economic Dynamics and Control*

Received date: 5 November 2015
Revised date: 16 March 2016
Accepted date: 20 March 2016

Cite this article as: Robert Kollmann, International Business Cycles and Risk Sharing with Uncertainty Shocks and Recursive Preferences, *Journal of Economic Dynamics and Control*, <http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.jedc.2016.03.005>

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting galley proof before it is published in its final citable form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.

International Business Cycles and Risk Sharing with Uncertainty Shocks and Recursive Preferences

Robert Kollmann (*)
ECARES, Université Libre de Bruxelles and CEPR

March 16, 2016

This paper analyzes the effects of output volatility shocks on the dynamics of consumption, trade flows and the real exchange rate, in a two-country, two-good world with consumption home bias, recursive preferences, and complete financial markets. When the risk aversion coefficient exceeds the inverse of the intertemporal substitution elasticity, then an exogenous rise in a country's output volatility triggers a wealth transfer to that country, to compensate for the greater riskiness of the country's output stream. This risk sharing transfer raises the country's consumption, lowers its trade balance and appreciates its real exchange rate. In the recursive preferences framework here, volatility shocks account for a non-negligible share of the fluctuations of net exports, net foreign assets and the real exchange rate. These shocks help to explain the high empirical volatility of the real exchange rate and the disconnect between relative consumption and the real exchange rate.

Key words: international business cycles, international risk sharing, external balance, exchange rate, volatility, consumption-real exchange rate anomaly.

JEL codes: F31, F32, F36, F41, F43.

(*) Contact address: European Centre for Advanced Research in Economics and Statistics (ECARES), CP 114, Université Libre de Bruxelles, 50 Av. Franklin Roosevelt, B-1050 Brussels, Belgium; robert_kollmann@yahoo.com www.robertkollmann.com. I am also affiliated with the Globalization and Monetary Policy Institute (Federal Reserve Bank of Dallas) and the Centre for Applied Macroeconomic Analysis (CAMA) at Australian National University. I thank Mario Crucini and an anonymous referee for very detailed and constructive comments. I also thank David Backus, Chase Coleman, Axelle Ferriere, Jean Imbs, Johannes Pfeifer, Eric Swanson, Gauthier Vermandel, Philippe Weil and workshop participants at Norges Bank, at the 2nd IMAC conference (Rennes) and at the American Economic Association meetings (San Francisco) for useful discussions.

The research leading to these results has received funding from the European Community's Seventh Framework Programme (FP7/2007-2013) under grant agreement no. 612796, Project MACFINROBODS ('Integrated Macro-Financial Modelling for Robust Policy Design').

Download English Version:

<https://daneshyari.com/en/article/5098129>

Download Persian Version:

<https://daneshyari.com/article/5098129>

[Daneshyari.com](https://daneshyari.com)