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Alexander James, Brock Smith



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There Will Be Blood: Crime Rates in Shale-Rich U.S.

Counties*

Alexander James^{\dagger}

Brock Smith^{\ddagger}

Abstract

Over the past decade the production of tight oil and shale gas significantly increased in the United States. This paper examines how this energy boom has affected regional crime rates throughout the country. We find positive effects on rates of various property and violent crimes in shale-rich counties. In 2013, the cost of the additional crimes in the average treatment county was roughly \$2 million. These results are not easily explained by shifts in observed demographics like gender and age. There is however evidence that people with criminal records (registered sex offenders) moved disproportionally to shale-boom towns in North Dakota. We also document a rise in income inequality (a postulated determinant of criminal activity) that coincides with the timing of the energy boom. Policy makers in boom towns should anticipate these crime effects and invest in public infrastructure accordingly.

Keywords: Natural Resources; Hydraulic Fracturing; Crime; Resource Curse.

JEL Classification: Q3; R11; K42;

[†]Department of Economics and Public Policy, University of Alaska Anchorage. alex.james@uaa.alaska.edu

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[‡]Center for the Analysis of Resource Rich Economies, Department of Economics, University of Oxford, Oxford, UK. brock.smith@economics.ox.ac.uk

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