Accepted Manuscript

Innovation under Regulatory Uncertainty: Evidence from Medical Technology

Ariel Dora Stern

 PII:
 S0047-2727(16)30166-9

 DOI:
 doi: 10.1016/j.jpubeco.2016.11.010

 Reference:
 PUBEC 3723

JOURNAL OF PUBLIC ECONOMICS

To appear in:

Journal of Public Economics

Received date: Revised date: Accepted date: 12 August 2015 10 October 2016 15 November 2016

Please cite this article as: Stern, Ariel Dora, Innovation under Regulatory Uncertainty: Evidence from Medical Technology, *Journal of Public Economics* (2016), doi: 10.1016/j.jpubeco.2016.11.010

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting proof before it is published in its final form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.

ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

Innovation under Regulatory Uncertainty: Evidence from Medical Technology

Ariel Dora Stern *

September 30, 2016

Abstract

This paper explores how the regulatory approval process affects innovation incentives in medical technologies. Prior studies have found early mover regulatory advantages for drugs. I find the opposite for medical devices, where pioneer entrants spend 34 percent (7.2 months) longer than follow-on entrants in regulatory approval. Back-ofthe-envelope calculations suggest that the cost of a delay of this length is upwards of 7 percent of the total cost of bringing a new high-risk device to market. Considering potential explanations, I find that approval times are largely unrelated to technological novelty, but are meaningfully reduced by the publication of objective regulatory guidelines. Finally, I consider how the regulatory process affects small firms' market entry patterns and find that small firms are less likely to be pioneers in new device markets, a fact consistent with relatively higher costs of doing so for more financially constrained firms.

Keywords: Regulation; Innovation; FDA; Medical Devices

^{*}Harvard Business School, Morgan Hall 433, Boston, MA 02163 (astern@hbs.edu). I am especially grateful to Daniel Carpenter, Amitabh Chandra, David Cutler, and Scott Stern for detailed feedback. Leila Agha, Steve Cicala, Iain Cockburn, Innessa Colaiacovo, Mitsuru Igami, Larry Katz, Daniel Kramer, Bruce Sacerdote, Pian Shu, Jonathan Skinner, Bhaven Sampat, David Studdert, Heidi Williams, and many other colleagues and seminar participants provided helpful suggestions. I am also indebted to several medical device industry experts and FDA employees who provided guidance – in particular Richard Cohen, Elazer Edleman, Chip Hance, Clark Nardinelli, and Andreas Schick. Melissa Ouellet provided excellent research assistance. Funding from the National Institute on Aging, through Grant Number T32-AG000186 to the National Bureau of Economic Research, is gratefully acknowledged.

Download English Version:

https://daneshyari.com/en/article/5101834

Download Persian Version:

https://daneshyari.com/article/5101834

Daneshyari.com