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## Renewable Energy and Negative Externalities: The Effect of Wind Turbines on House Prices\*

By Martijn I. Dröes<sup>a</sup> and Hans R.A. Koster<sup>b</sup>

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**SUMMARY** — In many countries, wind turbines are constructed as part of a strategy to reduce dependence on fossil fuels. In this paper, we measure the external effect of wind turbines on the transaction prices of nearby houses. A unique Dutch house price dataset covering the period 1985-2011 is used, as well as the exact location of all wind turbines that were built in the Netherlands. Using a difference-in-differences methodology we find a 1.4 percent price decrease for houses within two km of a turbine. There is also evidence for anticipation effects a few years before placement of a turbine. The effect is larger for taller turbines and in urban areas. Especially the first turbine built close to a house has a negative effect on its price.

*JEL-code* — R31; Q42; Q15; L94

Keywords - renewable energy; wind turbines; externalities; house prices

#### I. Introduction

The world's primary demand for renewable energy has increased from 1.1 billion tons of oil equivalent (Gtoe) in 1990 to 1.7 Gtoe in 2010 and is expected to grow to 3.1 Gtoe in 2035 (IEA, 2012). The production of clean electricity — either through renewable energy sources or nuclear power — is high on the political agenda of many countries. Besides hydro energy,

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