Author's Accepted Manuscript

A feasible method for indirect quantification of L-T₄ in drugs by iodine determination

Marcia Foster Mesko, Alessandra Cortes Teotonio, Dirce Taina Teixeira Oliveira, Diogo La Rosa Novo, Vanize Caldeira Costa



ww.elsevier.com/locate/talanta

PII: S0039-9140(17)30141-8

http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.talanta.2017.01.039 DOI:

Reference: TAL17221

To appear in: Talanta

Received date: 12 December 2016 Revised date: 11 January 2017 Accepted date: 12 January 2017

Cite this article as: Marcia Foster Mesko, Alessandra Cortes Teotonio, Dirce Taina Teixeira Oliveira, Diogo La Rosa Novo and Vanize Caldeira Costa, A feasible method for indirect quantification of L-T₄ in drugs by iodin determination, Talanta, http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.talanta.2017.01.039

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted fo publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version o the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting galley proof before it is published in its final citable form Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain

ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

A feasible method for indirect quantification of L-T $_4$ in drugs by iodine determination

Marcia Foster Mesko, *Alessandra Cortes Teotonio, Dirce Taina Teixeira Oliveira, Diogo La Rosa Novo, Vanize Caldeira Costa

Centro de Ciências Químicas, Farmacêuticas e de Alimentos, Universidade Federal de Pelotas, Campus Capão do Leão, 96160-000, Pelotas - RS, Brazil

*Corresponding author. E-mail address: marcia.mesko@pq.cnpq.br

ABSTRACT

In this work, a method combining microwave-induced combustion (MIC) for sample preparation of commercial levothyroxine sodium (L-T₄) drugs (L-T₄: 25 - 200 μ g/tablet), and potentiometry with ion selective electrode (ISE) for iodine determination and subsequent indirect quantification of L-T₄ was proposed. The type and concentration of the absorbing solution were evaluated to select the most suitable conditions for this study. Using the MIC method, it was possible to use solutions as diluted as 150 mmol L⁻¹ (NH₄)₂CO₃ (for samples containing 25 - 200 μ g of L-T₄/tablet) for I absorption. In these conditions, recoveries for L-T₄ were between 99 and 101%,

Download English Version:

https://daneshyari.com/en/article/5141100

Download Persian Version:

https://daneshyari.com/article/5141100

<u>Daneshyari.com</u>