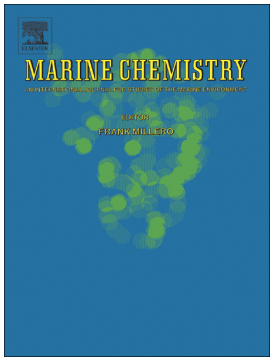

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PII: S0304-4203(17)30124-X
DOI: doi: 10.1016/j.marchem.2017.03.010
Reference: MARCHE 3441

To appear in: *Marine Chemistry*

Received date: 1 August 2016
Revised date: 27 March 2017
Accepted date: 30 March 2017

Please cite this article as: Katherine Telfeyan, Alexander Breaux, Jihyuk Kim, Jaye E. Cable, Alexander S. Kolker, Deborah A. Grimm, Karen H. Johannesson , Arsenic, vanadium, iron, and manganese biogeochemistry in a deltaic wetland, southern Louisiana, USA. The address for the corresponding author was captured as affiliation for all authors. Please check if appropriate. Marche(2017), doi: 10.1016/j.marchem.2017.03.010

Arsenic, vanadium, iron, and manganese biogeochemistry in a deltaic wetland, southern Louisiana, USA

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Abstract

Geochemical cycling of the redox-sensitive trace elements arsenic (As) and vanadium (V) was examined in shallow pore waters from a marsh in an interdistributary embayment of the lower Mississippi River Delta. In particular, we explore how redox changes with depth and distance from the Mississippi River affect As and V cycling in the marsh pore waters. Previous geophysical surveys and radon mass balance calculations suggested that Myrtle Grove Canal and