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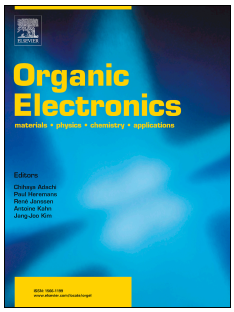


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PII: S1566-1199(17)30393-2

DOI: 10.1016/j.orgel.2017.08.006

Reference: ORGELE 4253

To appear in: *Organic Electronics*

Received Date: 28 June 2017

Revised Date: 28 July 2017

Accepted Date: 3 August 2017

Please cite this article as: Y. Zhang, Z. Yin, F. Meng, J. Yu, C. You, S. Yang, H. Tan, W. Zhu, S. Su, Tetradentate Pt(II) 3,6-substitued salophen complexes: Synthesis and tuning emission from deep-red to near infrared by appending donor-acceptor framework, *Organic Electronics* (2017), doi: 10.1016/j.orgel.2017.08.006.

# Tetradentate Pt(II) 3,6-substitued salophen complexes: synthesis and tuning emission from deep-red to near infrared by appending donor-acceptor framework

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## Graphic Abstract

Two novel tetradentate platinum (II) complexes of Pt-2 and Pt-3 with 3,6-substitued salophen were synthesized and characterized. Their emission was efficiently tuned from deep red to near infrared by appending D-A framework of di(tert-butyl) triphenylamine (Bu$^t$TPA) and benzothiadiazole (BT) into platinum (II) complexes under photo-excitation. A significant near infrared electroluminescence peaked at 703 nm with the maximum external quantum efficiency of 0.88% was obtained in the Pt-3 doped polymer light-emitting devices.