## Accepted Manuscript

Sonochemical synthesis, formation mechanism, and solar cell application of tellurium nanoparticles

Mehdi Mousavi-Kamazani, Reza Rahmatolahzadeh, Seyed Amin Shobeiri, Farshad Beshkar

PII: \$1350-4177(17)30196-7

DOI: http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.ultsonch.2017.04.031

Reference: ULTSON 3667

To appear in: *Ultrasonics Sonochemistry* 

Received Date: 14 March 2017 Revised Date: 21 April 2017 Accepted Date: 21 April 2017



Please cite this article as: M. Mousavi-Kamazani, R. Rahmatolahzadeh, S. Amin Shobeiri, F. Beshkar, Sonochemical synthesis, formation mechanism, and solar cell application of tellurium nanoparticles, *Ultrasonics Sonochemistry* (2017), doi: http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.ultsonch.2017.04.031

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting proof before it is published in its final form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.

ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

Sonochemical synthesis, formation mechanism, and solar cell application of tellurium

nanoparticles

Mehdi Mousavi-Kamazani a,\*, Reza Rahmatolahzadeh b, Seyed Amin Shobeiri c, Farshad Beshkar a

<sup>a</sup> Young Researchers and Elites Club, Arak Branch, Islamic Azad University, Arak, Iran.

<sup>b</sup> Young Researchers and Elites Club, Central Tehran Branch, Islamic Azad University, Tehran, Iran.

<sup>c</sup> Department of chemistry, Faculty of Science, Semnan University, Semnan, Iran

\*Corresponding author: Tel, Fax: +98 8133323531

E-mail address: Mehdimosavi.8951@yahoo.com

Abstract Tellurium inherently tends to form 1-D structures and while the 0-D Te nanostructures have

better properties and applications in solar cell. In the present study, 0-D Te nanostructures including rice-

like and spherical nanoparticles with the particle size of 15-40 nm were successfully synthesized via a

facile sonochemical method. In the absence of ultrasonic irradiation nanorods were produced while

performing the reaction under ultrasonic waves (at 200 W for 30 min) led to the formation of nanoparticles.

Finally, the efficiency of various as-synthesized Te nanostructures in quantum dot-sensitized solar cells

(QDSSCs) were evaluated. Using rice-like nanoparticles led to increase in J<sub>SC</sub>, V<sub>OC</sub>, FF and  $\eta$  parameters

from 1.22, 0.54, 0.49 and 0.32% to 1.57, 0.64, 0.63 and 0.63%, respectively, compared with nanorods.

Keywords: Tellurium, Rice-like, Ultrasonic, QDSSCs

1

## Download English Version:

## https://daneshyari.com/en/article/5144549

Download Persian Version:

https://daneshyari.com/article/5144549

<u>Daneshyari.com</u>