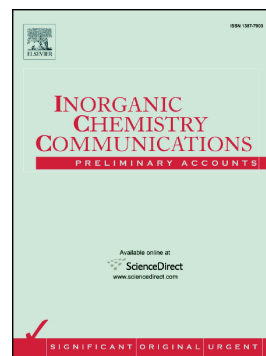


Accepted Manuscript

Copper(II) complex of the 2-pyridinecarbaldehyde aminoguanidine Schiff base: Crystal structure and catalytic behaviour in mild oxidation of alkanes

Elena A. Buvaylo, Vladimir N. Kokozay, Olga Yu. Vassilyeva, Brian W. Skelton, Oksana V. Nesterova, Armando J.L. Pombeiro



PII: S1387-7003(17)30049-7

DOI: doi: [10.1016/j.inoche.2017.03.008](https://doi.org/10.1016/j.inoche.2017.03.008)

Reference: INOCHE 6575

To appear in: *Inorganic Chemistry Communications*

Received date: 18 January 2017

Revised date: 1 March 2017

Accepted date: 6 March 2017

Please cite this article as: Elena A. Buvaylo, Vladimir N. Kokozay, Olga Yu. Vassilyeva, Brian W. Skelton, Oksana V. Nesterova, Armando J.L. Pombeiro, Copper(II) complex of the 2-pyridinecarbaldehyde aminoguanidine Schiff base: Crystal structure and catalytic behaviour in mild oxidation of alkanes. The address for the corresponding author was captured as affiliation for all authors. Please check if appropriate. Inoche(2017), doi: [10.1016/j.inoche.2017.03.008](https://doi.org/10.1016/j.inoche.2017.03.008)

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting proof before it is published in its final form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.

Copper(II) complex of the 2-pyridinecarbaldehyde aminoguanidine Schiff base: Crystal structure and catalytic behaviour in mild oxidation of alkanes

Elena A. Buvaylo^a, Vladimir N. Kokozay^a, Olga Yu. Vassilyeva^{a*}, Brian W. Skelton^b, Oksana V. Nesterova^c, Armando J.L. Pombeiro^{c*}

^a Department of Chemistry, Taras Shevchenko National University of Kyiv, 64/13 Volodymyrska str., Kyiv 01601, Ukraine; e-mail: vassilyeva@univ.kiev.ua

^b School of Chemistry and Biochemistry, M310, University of Western Australia, Perth, WA 6009, Australia

^c Centro de Química Estrutural, Instituto Superior Técnico, Universidade de Lisboa, Av. Rovisco Pais, 1049-001 Lisboa, Portugal; e-mail: pombeiro@tecnico.ulisboa.pt

Keywords: 2-Pyridinecarbaldehyde; Aminoguanidine; Schiff base copper(II) complex; Crystal structure; Catalytic oxidation of cyclohexane, adamantane, *cis*-1,2-dimethylcyclohexane

Abstract

The new neutral dichloro-copper(II) Schiff base complex $[\text{CuCl}_2\text{L}]\cdot\text{dmf}$ **2**, where L results from condensation of 2-pyridinecarbaldehyde and aminoguanidine, was prepared, while the ligand itself was isolated in its protonated form as the dinitrate salt $(\text{H}_2\text{L})(\text{NO}_3)_2$ **1**. Extended conjugation is responsible for the planarity of the H_2L^{2+} cation in **1**. On coordination, L forms two fused 5-membered chelate rings occupying three equatorial positions of the distorted square pyramidal copper polyhedron in **2**. The catalytic investigations disclosed a prominent activity of the copper compound **2** towards oxidation of cyclohexane with hydrogen peroxide in the presence of various promoters (nitric and acetic acids, pyridine and pyrrole), showing overall yields of products (cyclohexanol and cyclohexanone) up to 21 % based on the substrate.

The guanidine group is widely spread in biological molecules and has been of much interest in the field of natural product synthesis [1, 2] and drug development [3, 4]. Due to its unique role as a hydrogen-bond donor and its positive charge (upon protonation) the guanidine group is of importance for molecular recognition in chemical and biological systems [5, 6]. The utilization of guanidine derivatives as catalysts and superbases has also been explored [7–9]. Aminoguanidine (AG) has been extensively studied for the treatment of diabetic complications [10]. It is also one of the most studied quenchers of reactive carbonyl species (RCS) - endogenous or exogenous byproducts involved in the pathogenic mechanisms of different oxidative-based disorders [11]. Detoxification of RCS by carbonyl quenchers is a promising therapeutic strategy and investigation

Download English Version:

<https://daneshyari.com/en/article/5151261>

Download Persian Version:

<https://daneshyari.com/article/5151261>

[Daneshyari.com](https://daneshyari.com)