

## Accepted Manuscript

Synthesis, characterisation and antibacterial activity evaluation of trinuclear Ni(II) complexes with N-substituted salicylhydrazide ligands

Mantu Kumar Singh, Soumyabrata Roy, Arti Hansda, Santosh Kumar, Mukesh Kumar, Vipin Kumar, Sebastian C. Peter, Rohith P. John

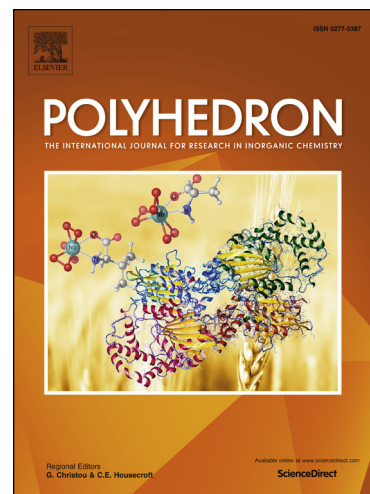
PII: S0277-5387(17)30056-6  
DOI: <http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.poly.2017.01.019>  
Reference: POLY 12423

To appear in: *Polyhedron*

Received Date: 11 October 2016  
Revised Date: 31 December 2016  
Accepted Date: 7 January 2017

Please cite this article as: M.K. Singh, S. Roy, A. Hansda, S. Kumar, M. Kumar, V. Kumar, S.C. Peter, R.P. John, Synthesis, characterisation and antibacterial activity evaluation of trinuclear Ni(II) complexes with N-substituted salicylhydrazide ligands, *Polyhedron* (2017), doi: <http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.poly.2017.01.019>

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting proof before it is published in its final form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.



# Synthesis, characterisation and antibacterial activity evaluation of trinuclear Ni(II) complexes with N-substituted salicylhydrazide ligands

Mantu Kumar Singh,<sup>a</sup> Soumyabrata Roy,<sup>b</sup> Arti Hansda,<sup>c</sup> Santosh Kumar,<sup>a</sup> Mukesh Kumar,<sup>a</sup> Vipin Kumar,<sup>c</sup> Sebastian C. Peter,<sup>b</sup> Rohith P. John<sup>a\*</sup>

<sup>a</sup> Department of Applied Chemistry, Indian Institute of Technology (ISM), Dhanbad-826004, Jharkhand, India, E-mail : rohithjohn@gmail.com; Fax +91-326-2296615

<sup>b</sup> New Chemistry Unit, Jawaharlal Nehru Centre for Advanced Scientific Research, Jakkur, Bangalore-560064, India. E-mail: sebastiancp@gmail.com

<sup>c</sup> Department of Environmental Science and Engineering, Indian Institute of Technology (ISM), Dhanbad-826004, Jharkhand, India

## ABSTRACT

Three novel trinuclear Ni(II) complexes,  $[\text{Ni}_3(\text{L}^1)_2(\text{py})_4]$  (**1**),  $[\text{Ni}_3(\text{L}^2)_2(\text{H}_2\text{O})_2(\text{DMA})_2]$  (**2**) and  $[\text{Ni}_3(\text{L}^3)_2(\text{py})_4]$  (**3**), with trianionic pentadentate ligands derived from salicylhydrazide with N-acyl substituents [ $\text{H}_3\text{L}^1 = \text{N}^2$ -crotonoylsalicylhydrazide,  $\text{H}_3\text{L}^2 = \text{N}^2$ -(3,3-dimethylacryloyl)salicylhydrazide,  $\text{H}_3\text{L}^3 = \text{N}^2$ -cinnamoylsalicylhydrazide] were synthesized and characterized by elemental analysis, spectroscopic techniques, like UV-Vis, FT-IR and NMR, molar conductivity and magnetic susceptibility measurements, and single crystal X-ray diffraction. The solid state structures of the complexes reveal the binding modes of the different ligands via ONO donor atoms. Complex **1** crystallises in the triclinic system while complexes **2** and **3** crystallise in the monoclinic system with space groups  $P\bar{1}$  (**1**) and  $P2_1/c$  (**2** and **3**). Computational studies were performed using Density Functional Theory (DFT) to obtain physical properties of all three complexes. The ligands and their metal complexes were screened for antibacterial activity to assess their inhibition potential against two Gram positive bacteria; *S. aureus* and *B. subtilis* and two Gram negative bacteria; *E. coli* and *P. aeruginosa* by the well diffusion method using gentamicin as a positive control. Antibacterial screening data reveals that the trinuclear Ni(II) complexes have significantly enhanced inhibitory activities compared to the ligands.

## Keywords

Ni(II) complex, Antimicrobial activity, Salicylhydrazide, Crystal structure, DFT studies

## Abbreviations

DMF = *N,N*-dimethylformamide, DMA = *N,N*-dimethylamine, py = pyridine, DMSO = dimethylsulfoxide, MeOH = methanol, ESI = Electrospray ionisation, SC-XRD = Single crystal X-ray diffraction, HOMO = highest occupied molecular orbital, LUMO = lowest unoccupied molecular orbital

## 1. Introduction

Download English Version:

<https://daneshyari.com/en/article/5154341>

Download Persian Version:

<https://daneshyari.com/article/5154341>

[Daneshyari.com](https://daneshyari.com)