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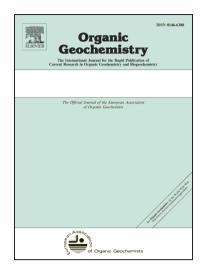
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Characteristics and geochemical significance of heteroatom compounds in terrestrial oils by negative-ion electrospray Fourier transform ion cyclotron resonance mass spectrometry

Zhonghua Wan^{a,b}, Sumei Li^{a,b*}, Xiongqi Pang^{a,b}, Yuexia Dong^c, Zhengjun Wang^c, Xiangfei Chen^{a,b}, Xiangbing Meng^d, Quan Shi^e,

Abstract: Terrestrial oils and rock extracts from the Nanpu Sag (Huanghua Depression, Bohai Bay Basin, China) were characterized by negative-ion electrospray ionization (ESI) Fourier transform ion cyclotron resonance mass spectrometry (FT-ICR MS) and gas chromatography-mass spectrometry (GC-MS). Molecular composition of neutral nitrogen and acidic oxygen compounds, mainly by N₁, O₁, and O₂ species were investigated in the samples. Increases in relative abundance and molecular condensation degree of oxygen-containing compounds and a decrease in the carbon number range of N₁ species were observed with the changes of kerogen from type I to III for both the source rock extracts and the relevant oils, which indicates the influence of source input and discrimination potential. We also observed an apparent increase in the condensation degree

^a China University of Petroleum, Beijing 102249, China

^b State Key Laboratory of Petroleum Resources and Prospecting, China University of Petroleum, Beijing 102249, China

^c PetroChina Jidong Oilfield Company, Tangshan 063004, China

^d PetroChina Xinjiang Oilfield Company Research Institute of Exploration and Development, Xinjiang 834000, China

^e State Key Laboratory of Heavy Oil Processing, China University of Petroleum, Beijing 102249, China

Corresponding author. Tel.: +86 10 89733423, fax: +86 10 89733423. E-mail address: smli@cup.edu.cn; smli8888@aliyun.com

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