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Material Properties

Fracture and fatigue of silica/carbon black/natural rubber composites

Bin Dong, Chang Liu, You-Ping Wu*

State Key Laboratory of Organic-Inorganic Composites; Beijing University of Chemical Technology, Beijing 100029, China

J-integral theory and fatigue testing were adopted to investigate the fracture and fatigue properties of silica/carbon black(CB)/natural rubber composites with total filler content of 50 phr. Critical *J*-value J_{IC} and tearing modulus T_R , were obtained. J_{IC} , as an indicator of crack initiation resistance, was dependent on the pre-cut length. T_R was related to the crack propagation of the composite. With increasing the silica/CB ratio, both J_{IC} and T_R were enhanced, indicating that the resistance to crack initiation and propagation were improved. The strain energy density at a fixed strain decreased with an increase in the silica/CB ratio. Fatigue testing under constant tensile strain conditions demonstrated that the composite with higher silica/CB ratio exhibited lower cyclic crack growth rate and longer fatigue life. This was in accordance with the results of T_R , J_{IC} and strain energy density of the composite, hence T_R , J_{IC} and strain energy density of the composite, hence T_R, J_{IC} and strain energy density of the composite can be used to predict its fatigue properties.

Keywords: Natural rubber composites, strain energy density, *J*-integral, crack growth rate, fatigue life

^{*} Corresponding author. Tel.:+86 10 64442621; fax: +86 10 64456158. *E-mail address*: wuyp@mail.buct.edu.cn (You-Ping Wu).

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