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TiO₂ Nanocomposites: Preperation, Characterization, Mechanical and Biological Properties

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Abstract— Some novel nanocomposites, which contain different concentrations of TiO₂

nanopowders, were firstly prepared by using marble dust with convenient chemical components. Their

nano structures characterized and distributions of the nano-aggregations related with internal structural

content of the samples have been determined by X-ray Scattering Methods (SAXS and WAXS) and

mechanical properties were determined by using strain-stress measurements to increase their potential

usage possibility as building materials in health and research centers. In the last and important part of

the study, Candida albicans and Aspergillus niger which are a significant risk to medical patients were

used to investigate originally prepared nanostructured samples' photocatalyst effect. During the last

part of the study, effect of UV and visible light on photocatalyst nanocomposites were also researched.

Heterogeneous photocatalysts can carry out advanced oxidation processes used for an antimicrobial

effect on microorganisms. TiO₂ nanoparticles as one of heterogeneous photocatalysts have been shown

to exhibit strong cytotoxicity when exposed to UV and visible light.

Keywords: Antimicrobial, Photocatalyst, Titanium dioxide, SAXS, WAXS

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Highlights

TiO₂ nanocomposites show antimicrobial effect on fungi which are a significant risk to

medical patients.

Synthesize nanostructured materials from waste materials which have technological

importance.

Potential nano composite - building material for health and research centers

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