Accepted Manuscript

On the evaluation of thermal conductivity of ionic liquids: Modeling and data assessment

Saeid Atashrouz, Abdolhossein Hemmati Sarapardeh, Hamed Mirshekar, Bahram Nasernejad, Mostafa Keshavarz moraveji

PII:	S0167-7322(16)31941-9
DOI:	doi:10.1016/j.molliq.2016.09.106
Reference:	MOLLIQ 6384

To appear in: Journal of Molecular Liquids

Received date:	18 July 2016
Revised date:	24 September 2016
Accepted date:	27 September 2016



Please cite this article as: Saeid Atashrouz, Abdolhossein Hemmati Sarapardeh, Hamed Mirshekar, Bahram Nasernejad, Mostafa Keshavarz moraveji, On the evaluation of thermal conductivity of ionic liquids: Modeling and data assessment, *Journal of Molecular Liquids* (2016), doi:10.1016/j.molliq.2016.09.106

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting proof before it is published in its final form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.

ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

On the Evaluation of Thermal Conductivity of Ionic

Liquids: Modeling and Data Assessment

Saeid Atashrouz¹, Abdolhossein Hemmati Sarapardeh^{2,*}, Hamed Mirshekar³, Bahram Nasernejad^{4,**}, Mostafa Keshavarz moraveji⁴

1. Department of Chemical Engineering, Amirkabir University of Technology (Tehran Polytechnic), Mahshahr Campus, Mahshahr, Iran

2. Department of Petroleum Engineering, Amirkabir University of Technology, Tehran, Iran

3. Depertment of Polymer Engineering, Institute of polymer engineering, Tehran, Iran

4. Department of Chemical Engineering, Amirkabir University of Technology (Tehran Polytechnic), Hafez 424, PO Box 15875-4413, Tehran, Iran

Abstract: Among all physicochemical properties of ionic liquids (ILs), thermal conductivity has less been investigated both experimentally and theoretically. In this regard, experimental investigations and predictive models for thermal conductivity of ionic liquids have great importance for efficient design of heat transfer processes relevant to ILs, for instance in solar collectors. The aim of this study is to develop a robust precise model for prediction of thermal conductivity of jonic liquids. In order to estimate the thermal conductivity of pure ILs, a least square support vector machine was proposed based on 22 ionic liquids. The average absolute relative deviation for all studied systems is 1.03%, which is a satisfactory degree of accuracy for the proposed model. Also, the proposed model has higher accuracy compared to other models available in literature. In addition, the Leverage approach was implemented to check the reliability of the proposed model and the quality of experimental data. It was found both model development and its predictions are statistically valid and correct and only few data points were located out of the applicability domain of the proposed model.

Keywords: Ionic liquids, Thermal conductivity, Solar collector, Heat transfer, Support vector machine

^{*} Corresponding authors' email addresses: A. Hemmati-Sarapardeh (aut.hemmati@gmail.com & aut.hemmati@aut.ac.ir) & B. Nasernejad (nasernejad@yahoo.com)

Download English Version:

https://daneshyari.com/en/article/5409378

Download Persian Version:

https://daneshyari.com/article/5409378

Daneshyari.com