Accepted Manuscript

A benchmark database for adsorption bond energies to transition metal surfaces and comparison to selected DFT functionals

Jess Wellendorff, Trent L. Silbaugh, Delfina Garcia Pintos, Jens K. Nørskov, Thomas Bligaard, Felix Studt, Charles T. Campbell

PII: S0039-6028(15)00083-7

DOI: doi: 10.1016/j.susc.2015.03.023

Reference: SUSC 20467

To appear in: Surface Science



Please cite this article as: Jess Wellendorff, Trent L. Silbaugh, Delfina Garcia Pintos, Jens K. Nørskov, Thomas Bligaard, Felix Studt, Charles T. Campbell, A benchmark database for adsorption bond energies to transition metal surfaces and comparison to selected DFT functionals, *Surface Science* (2015), doi: 10.1016/j.susc.2015.03.023

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting proof before it is published in its final form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.

ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

A benchmark database for adsorption bond energies to transition metal surfaces and comparison to selected DFT functionals

Jess Wellendorff,¹\$ Trent L. Silbaugh,²\$ Delfina Garcia Pintos,¹ Jens K. Nørskov,¹ Thomas Bligaard,¹ Felix Studt,¹* Charles T. Campbell²*

- (1) SUNCAT Center for Interface Science and Catalysis, SLAC National Accelerator Laboratory, Menlo Park, California 94025, U.S.A. and Department of Chemical Engineering, Stanford University, Stanford, California 94305, U.S.A.
- (2) Departments of Chemical Engineering and Chemistry, University of Washington, Box 351700, Seattle, Washington 98195-1700, U.S.A.
- \$ These authors contributed equally
- *Corresponding authors: studt@slac.stanford.edu, charliec@uw.edu

ABSTRACT

We present a literature collection of experimental adsorption energies over late transition metal surfaces for systems where we believe the energy measurements are particularly accurate, and the atomic-scale adsorption geometries are particularly well established. We propose that this could become useful for benchmarking theoretical methods for calculating adsorption processes. We compare the experimental results to six commonly used electron density functionals, including some (RPBE, BEEF-vdW) which were specifically developed to treat adsorption processes. The comparison shows that there is ample room for improvements in the theoretical descriptions.

KEYWORDS

Adsorption energies, benchmarking; adsorption; density functional theory; surface science; catalysis; van der Waals; transition metals; single crystal adsorption calorimetry; temperature programmed desorption

Download English Version:

https://daneshyari.com/en/article/5421684

Download Persian Version:

https://daneshyari.com/article/5421684

Daneshyari.com