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Multi-response optimization of post-fire performance of Strain Hardening Cementitious Composite

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1 Multi-response optimization of post-fire performance of Strain

2 Hardening Cementitious Composite

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6 Abstract

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7 This paper presents results of an experimental program conducted to optimize the post-fire performance of Strain Hardening Cementititous Composites (SHCC) 8 using Taguchi approach with utility concept. The experiments were first undertaken 9 10 by determining nine SHCC mixes using a standard L9 (3⁴) orthogonal array of four 11 parameters and each parameter with three levels. The four parameters of SHCC mixes included fly-ash/binder ratio, sand/binder ratio, water/binder ratio and fiber 12 proportions. The responses of SHCC to be optimized were tensile strain capacity, 13 14 compressive strength and post-fire compressive strength after subjected to 200 °C, 400 °C, 600 °C and 800 °C of isothermal heating. Together with Taguchi method, 15 utility concept was introduced to simplify the multi-response problem into 16 17 mono-response question together with Taguchi method. The role of different parameters on the composite responses of SHCC was examined. Furthermore, an 18 19 optimal SHCC mix to maximize multi-responses was determined based on statistical

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