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ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

Electrical Conductivity of Hydrothermally Synthesized Sodium Lithium Magnesium Silicate

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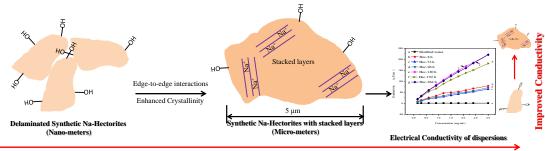
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Graphical abstract



With hydrothermal duration Improved Crystallinity, sheets integrity, aspect ratio and largely diminished edges as confirmed by XRD, NMR, FE-SEM, HR-TEM, FT-IR and TGA

Highlights

- High aspect ratio Na-hectorites nanoplates were synthesized by hydrothermal method employing salt lakes brine as magnesium and lithium resources.
- Comparing with other cations such as Li⁺, K⁺ in brine, Na⁺ is much more facilitated to be intercalated into the interlayer of hectorites, thus forming Na-hectorites.
- Crystal structure, morphology and thermal performances evolutions with hydrothermal duration were investigated in detail.
- The relationship between physic-chemical properties and electrical conductivity of Na-hectorites was carefully researched.

Abstract

This study is focused on the investigation of the electrical conductivity of sodium

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