Author's Accepted Manuscript

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 PII:
 S1386-9477(17)30718-X

 DOI:
 http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.physe.2017.07.025

 Reference:
 PHYSE12879

To appear in: Physica E: Low-dimensional Systems and Nanostructures

Received date:18 May 2017Revised date:25 July 2017Accepted date:27 July 2017

Cite this article as: J.H. Ojeda, F.G. Medina and David Becerra-Alonso Electronic properties of a molecular system with Platinum, *Physica E: Low dimensional Systems and Nanostructures* http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.physe.2017.07.025

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Electronic properties of a molecular system with Platinum

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Abstract

The electronic properties are studied using a finite homogeneous molecule called Trans-platinum-linked oligo(tetraethenylethenes). This system is composed of individual molecules such as benzene rings, platinum, Phosphore and Sulfur. The mechanism for the study of the electron transport through this system is based on placing the molecule between metal contacts to control the current through the molecular system.

We study this molecule based on the tight-binding approach for the calculation of the transport properties using the Landauer-Büttiker formalism and the Fischer-Lee relationship, based on a semianalytic Green's function method within a real-space renormalization approach. Our results show a significant agreement with experimental measurements.

Keywords: Electronic properties, Green's Functions, Renormalization process.

1. Introduction

Molecular electronics in recent years has been focused on the use of individual atoms or molecules for the construction of electronic circuits. This has generated a reduction on the size of these devices and thus prompted a high interest in the analysis of the effectiveness of electronic properties. In such devices the atoms or molecules are spatially confined. Interactions can arise from electron-electron, electron-phonon, ionion, among others, and can relate to the hopping between electronic orbitals [1–8].

This can play an important role in building new nanoelectronic devices designed to be used as molecular electronic transistors, quantum wires, rectifiers, switches, or storage devices, just to mention a few [9–12]. These devices are characterized by electron transfer, probability of transmission, I-V characteristic curves, shot noise, thermal transport, negative differential resistance, tunnel magnetoresistance, spin-polarized current, among other properties. These have been studied both experimentally and theoretically [9, 13–17].

Within this framework, we study the electric properties in a molecular-wire-like system or finite homogeneous molecule called *Transplatinum-linked oligo(tetraethenylethenes)* (hereafter named as TPtL-molecule), which is composed of individual molecules with a special configuration of benzene rings, platinum, Phosphorus and Sulfur.

This structure has attracted interest due to the implementation in a new nano-electronic device designed to be employed as molecular electronic device.

However, there are few studies on electronic transport through molecular systems that are linked to two electrodes in addition to having a

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Preprint submitted to Physica E: Low-dimensional Systems and Nanostructures

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