Author's Accepted Manuscript

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www.elsevier.com/locate/physe

PII: S1386-9477(16)30584-7

DOI: http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.physe.2016.10.027

Reference: PHYSE12616

To appear in: Physica E: Low-dimensional Systems and Nanostructures

Received date: 8 June 2016 Revised date: 8 July 2016 Accepted date: 22 October 2016

Cite this article as: Masoud Afrand, Ehsan Abedini and Hamid Teimouri, How the dispersion of magnesium oxide nanoparticles effects on the viscosity o water-ethylene glycol mixture: experimental evaluation and correlation development, *Physica E: Low-dimensional Systems and Nanostructures* http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.physe.2016.10.027

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How the dispersion of magnesium oxide nanoparticles effects on the

viscosity of water-ethylene glycol mixture: experimental evaluation and

correlation development

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Abstract

In this paper, the effect of dispersion of magnesium oxide nanoparticles on viscosity of a

mixture of water and ethylene glycol (50%-50% vol.) was examined experimentally.

Experiments were performed for various nanofluid samples at different temperatures and

shear rates. Measurements revealed that the nanofluid samples with volume fractions of less

than 1.5% had Newtonian behavior, while the sample with volume fraction of 3% showed

non-Newtonian behavior. Results showed that the viscosity of nanofluids enhanced with

increasing nanoparticles volume fraction and decreasing temperature. Results of sensitivity

analysis revealed that the viscosity sensitivity of nanofluid samples to temperature at higher

volume fractions is more than that of at lower volume fractions. Finally, because of the

inability of the existing model to predict the viscosity of MgO/EG-water nanofluid, an

experimental correlation has been proposed for predicting the viscosity of the nanofluid.

Keywords: Experimental evaluation; Nanofluid; Magnesium oxide nanoparticles; EG-water;

Correlation

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