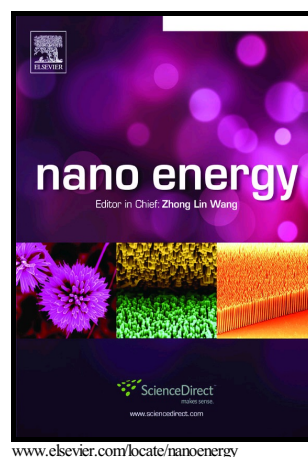


Conductive-probe atomic force microscopy as a characterization tool for nanowire-based solar cells

Dmitry Mikulik, Maria Ricci, Gozde Tutuncuoglu, Federico Matteini, Jelena Vukajlovic, Natasa Vulic, Esther Alarcon-Llado, Anna Fontcuberta i Morral



PII: S2211-2855(17)30620-1
DOI: <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.nanoen.2017.10.016>
Reference: NANOEN2250

To appear in: *Nano Energy*

Received date: 15 May 2017
Revised date: 4 October 2017
Accepted date: 5 October 2017

Cite this article as: Dmitry Mikulik, Maria Ricci, Gozde Tutuncuoglu, Federico Matteini, Jelena Vukajlovic, Natasa Vulic, Esther Alarcon-Llado and Anna Fontcuberta i Morral, Conductive-probe atomic force microscopy as a characterization tool for nanowire-based solar cells, *Nano Energy*, <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.nanoen.2017.10.016>

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting galley proof before it is published in its final citable form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.

Conductive-probe atomic force microscopy as a characterization tool for nanowire-based solar cells

Dmitry Mikulik,^{a,‡} Maria Ricci,^{b,‡} Gozde Tutuncuoglu,^a Federico Matteini,^a Jelena Vukajlovic,^a Natasa Vulic,^{a,c} Esther Alarcon-Llado,^{a,d} and Anna Fontcuberta i Morral^a

a. Laboratoire des Matériaux Semiconducteurs, Institut des Matériaux, Ecole Polytechnique Fédérale de Lausanne, 1015 Lausanne, Switzerland

b. Cavendish Laboratory, University of Cambridge, UK

c. School of Electrical, Computer, and Energy Engineering, Arizona State University, US

d. Center for Nanophotonics, AMOLF, Science Park 104, 1098XG Amsterdam, Netherlands

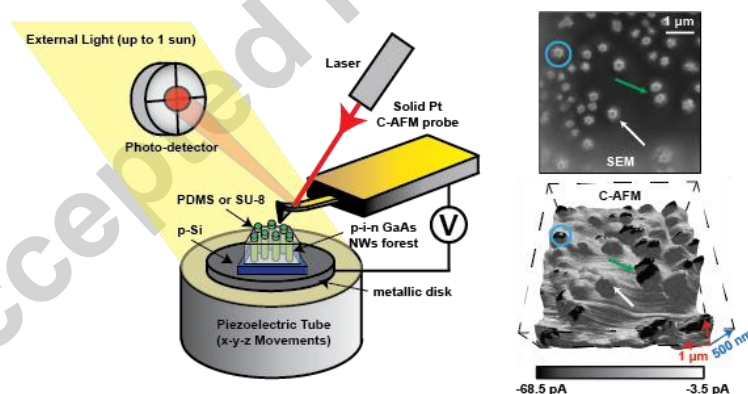
‡ These authors contributed equally to this work

Corresponding author – Anna Fontcuberta i Morral, anna.fontcuberta-morral@epfl.ch

Abstract

The photonic properties of nanowires advocate for their utilization in next generation solar cells. Compared to traditional devices, the electric scheme is transformed from a single into an ensemble of pn junctions connected in parallel. This new configuration requires new schemes for the characterization. We show how conductive-probe atomic force microscopy, C-AFM, is an essential tool for the characterization and optimization of this parallel-connected nanowire devices. With C-AFM it is possible to obtain both surface topography and local electrical characterization with nanoscale resolution. We demonstrate topography and current mapping of nanowire forests, combined with current-voltage measurements of the individual nanowire junctions from the ensemble. Our results provide discussion elements on some factors limiting the performance of a nanowire-based solar cell and thereby to provide a path for their improvement.

Graphical Abstract



Research Highlights

- The use of conductive atomic force microscopy (C-AFM) in nanowire-based solar cell devices is used to study the statistical properties of each nanowire pn-junction and compared to the performance of the large-area device.
- The C-AFM measurements reveal the non-uniformity of electrical properties between single NWs in ensemble.
- It is shown that a few poor-performing nanowire devices may not have a dramatic reduction on the nanowire ensemble performance.

Keywords

Next generation photovoltaics, nanowire-based solar cells, conductive-AFM, III-V semiconductors

Download English Version:

<https://daneshyari.com/en/article/5451802>

Download Persian Version:

<https://daneshyari.com/article/5451802>

[Daneshyari.com](https://daneshyari.com)