Accepted Manuscript

101⁻1 twin boundary showing very large deviation from the theoretical one in deformed magnesium alloy

Jing Zhang, Guoqiang Xi, Xin Wan

PII: S1044-5803(17)30384-4

DOI: doi: 10.1016/j.matchar.2017.08.021

Reference: MTL 8805

To appear in: Materials Characterization

Received date: 11 February 2017 Revised date: 30 July 2017 Accepted date: 24 August 2017



Please cite this article as: Jing Zhang, Guoqiang Xi, Xin Wan, 101⁻¹ twin boundary showing very large deviation from the theoretical one in deformed magnesium alloy, *Materials Characterization* (2017), doi: 10.1016/j.matchar.2017.08.021

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting proof before it is published in its final form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.

ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

$\{10\overline{11}\}$ twin boundary showing very large deviation from the

theoretical one in deformed magnesium alloy

Jing Zhang^{a, *}, Guoqiang Xi^a, Xin Wan^a

^aCollege of Materials Science and Engineering, Chongqing University, Chongqing

400044, China

^bNational Engineering Research Center for Magnesium Alloys, Chongqing 400044,

China

Abstract

Structure of $\{10\bar{1}\}$ twin boundary in an AZ31 magnesium alloy has been characterized by means of transmission electron microscopy (TEM) and high-resolution TEM. It is found that actual twin boundary entirely departs from theoretical twinning plane in $\{10\bar{1}\}$ twin system. Furthermore, it is shown that six kinds of facets, including $\{10\bar{1}\}$ coherent twin boundaries, $\{0002\}$ | $\{10\bar{1}\}$ basal-pyramidal (BPy), $\{10\bar{1}\}$ | $\{0002\}$ pyramidal-basal (PyB), $\{1010\}$ | $\{10\bar{1}\}$ prismatic-third pyramidal (P3Py), basal-prismatic (BP/PB) boundaries and $\{10\bar{1}2\}$ coherent twin boundaries, can coexist in one $\{10\bar{1}1\}$ twin system. Based on these structure features, the underling mechanisms responsible for large deviation phenomenon are discussed, with focus on BPy, PyB, P3Py boundaries and strain accommodation.

Key words: Magnesium alloy; Twinning; Twin boundary; HRTEM

* Corresponding authors. Tel.: +86 23 65111167; Fax: +86 23 65102821.

E-mail addresses: jingzhang@cqu.edu.cn (J. Zhang).

Download English Version:

https://daneshyari.com/en/article/5454657

Download Persian Version:

https://daneshyari.com/article/5454657

<u>Daneshyari.com</u>