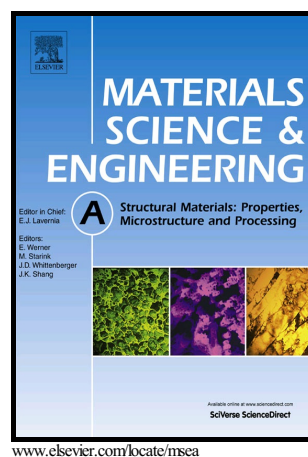


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PII: S0921-5093(17)31142-5
DOI: <http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.msea.2017.08.114>
Reference: MSA35462

To appear in: *Materials Science & Engineering A*

Received date: 29 April 2017
Revised date: 29 August 2017
Accepted date: 30 August 2017

Cite this article as: Jian Feng, Bing Ye, Lijie Zuo, Ruijuan Qi, Qudong Wang, Haiyan Jiang, Rong Huang and Wenjiang Ding, Effects of Ni content on low cycle fatigue and mechanical properties of Al-12Si-0.9Cu-0.8Mg-xNi at 350°C, *Materials Science & Engineering A*, <http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.msea.2017.08.114>

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Effects of Ni content on low cycle fatigue and mechanical properties of Al-12Si-0.9Cu-0.8Mg-xNi at 350 °C

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Abstract

In order to study the effects of ϵ -Al₃Ni phase on elevated temperature properties, Al-12Si-0.9Cu-0.8Mg-xNi alloys with Ni contents of 1.0%, 2.5% and 4.0%, respectively, were prepared by gravity casting and their microstructure, tensile and low cycle fatigue properties at 350 °C were investigated. The results show that the microstructure mainly consists of α -Al, eutectic Si, ϵ -Al₃Ni, δ -Al₃CuNi, and Q-Al₅Cu₂Mg₈Si₆ phase. Thermodynamic calculation indicates that the ϵ -Al₃Ni weight fraction increases with Ni contents while other phase contents are kept constant, and this result is consistent with the microstructure and XRD analysis. With the increase of ϵ -Al₃Ni content, the tensile strength at 350 °C increases from 94 MPa to 116 MPa, while the elongation decreases from 2.8% to 2.0%. The Al-Si alloy with 2.5% Ni exhibits the optimal low cycle fatigue property with a fatigue strength coefficient of 198.29 MPa and fatigue strength exponent of -0.1295. The coarsening of ϵ -Al₃Ni phase is obvious with a higher Ni content of 4.0%, and the debonding of coarse ϵ -Al₃Ni phase accelerates the propagation of micro-cracks and degrades the fatigue properties. The ϵ -Al₃Ni phase is beneficial to the mechanical properties of the alloys and thermally stable during fatigue test at 350 °C.

Keywords: Al-Si alloys, Heat resistant, Low cycle fatigue, Microstructure,

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