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PII: S0038-1098(17)30263-6

DOI: http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.ssc.2017.08.014

Reference: SSC13259

To appear in: Solid State Communications

Received date: 3 August 2017 Revised date: 9 August 2017 Accepted date: 23 August 2017

Cite this article as: Lin Cui, Rui He, Gaomin Li, Yujun Zhang, Yumeng You and Mingyuan Huang, Raman spectroscopy of optical phonon and charge density wave modes in 1T-TiSe₂ exfoliated flakes, *Solid State Communications*, http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.ssc.2017.08.014

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Raman spectroscopy of optical phonon and charge

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Abstract: 1T-TiSe2 is a model transition metal dichalcogenide material that develops charge

density waves (CDWs). Here we present variable-temperature Raman spectroscopy study on

both CDW and optical phonon modes of 1T-TiSe₂ thin layers exfoliated onto SiO₂ substrate.

Raman scattering intensities of all modes reach a maximum when the sample thickness is about

12 nm. This phenomenon can be explained by optical interference effect between the sample and

the substrate. The CDW amplitude modes experience redshift and broadening as temperature

increases. We extract CDW transition temperature (T_{CDW}) from temperature dependence of the

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