Author's Accepted Manuscript

Intrinsic half metallicity in lithium terminated zigzag graphene nanoribbons

Neha Tyagi, Neeraj K. Jaiswal, Varun Sharma, Kamal K. Jha, Pankaj Srivastava



www.elsevier.com/locate/ssc

PII: S0038-1098(16)30329-5

DOI: http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.ssc.2016.11.022

Reference: SSC13087

To appear in: Solid State Communications

Received date: 31 March 2016 Revised date: 27 September 2016 Accepted date: 25 November 2016

Cite this article as: Neha Tyagi, Neeraj K. Jaiswal, Varun Sharma, Kamal K. Jha and Pankaj Srivastava, Intrinsic half metallicity in lithium terminated zigzagraphene nanoribbons, *Solid State Communications* http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.ssc.2016.11.022

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted fo publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version o the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting galley proof before it is published in its final citable form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain

ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

Intrinsic half metallicity in lithium terminated zigzag graphene nanoribbons

Neha Tyagi^{1*}, Neeraj K. Jaiswal², Varun Sharma³, Kamal K. Jha⁴, Pankaj Srivastava³

Abstract

Half-metallic materials are the prime requisite for future spintronic devices. In present work, the possibility of half-metallic characteristic has been investigated in Li terminated zigzag graphene nanoribbons (ZGNR) using density functional theory. Two different configurations: (i) both edges Li termination (Li-both edges) and (ii) one edge Li termination (Li-one edge), have been examined in the present study. The calculated binding energy (ranging from -3.19 eV to -4.96 eV) confirms that both the considered configurations are energetically viable to obtain. All the considered structures settled in antiferromagnetic ground state which is more stable than that of spin compensated state. Further, it is revealed that upto 100% spin polarization can be achieved (without application of any external electric field) in ZGNR with Li-one edge. Moreover, the observed half-metallicity is found to be independent of the ribbon width and therefore pledges for applications in novel spin filtering devices.

Keywords

A. Graphene nanoribbon; A. lithium; D. binding energy; D. half-metal; D. spintronic

¹Department of Applied Physics, Delhi Technological University, Delhi-110042, India

²Discipline of Physics, Indian Institute of Information Technology, Design & Manufacturing, Jabalpur, Dumna Airport Road, Jabalpur-482005, India

³Nanomaterials Research Group, ABV-Indian Institute of Information Technology & Management, Gwalior-474015, India

⁴Indian Institute of Information Technology, Vadodara-382028, India

^{*}Corresponding author: nehatyagi@dtu.ac.in

Download English Version:

https://daneshyari.com/en/article/5457329

Download Persian Version:

https://daneshyari.com/article/5457329

<u>Daneshyari.com</u>