Accepted Manuscript

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PII: S0925-8388(16)32870-5

DOI: 10.1016/j.jallcom.2016.09.117

Reference: JALCOM 38951

To appear in: Journal of Alloys and Compounds

Received Date: 3 June 2016

Revised Date: 29 August 2016

Accepted Date: 11 September 2016

Please cite this article as: G. Zuo, X. Wei, H. Sun, S. Liu, P. Zong, X. Zeng, Y. Shen, Morphology controlled synthesis of nano-hydroxyapatite using polyethylene glycol as a template, *Journal of Alloys and Compounds* (2016), doi: 10.1016/j.jallcom.2016.09.117.

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ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

Morphology controlled synthesis of nano-hydroxyapatite using polyethylene glycol as a template

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Abstract

Nano-hydroxyapatite samples with different morphologies were successfully prepared by chemical precipitation method using polyethylene glycol (PEG) as a template. The phase composition, micro-morphology and surface functional groups of the nano-hydroxyapatite samples were analyzed by X-ray diffraction (XRD), scanning electron microscopy (SEM), Fourier transform infrared spectroscopy (FTIR) and transmission electron microscopy (TEM), respectively. The results reveal that the mirco-morphology of hydroxyapatite can be effectively controlled by adjusting pH values in the preparation. Moreover, the growth mechanism of HAp with different morphologies was also discussed. **Keywords:** nano hydroxyapatite; chemical precipitation method; morphology; PEG

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