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Hydrothermal growth of reduced graphene oxide on cotton fabric for enhanced ultraviolet protection applications

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protection applications

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**ABSTRACT** 

Reduced graphene oxide (rGO) was successfully deposited on the surface of cotton fabric by a hydrothermal

method. Raman spectroscopy reveals that rGO contain sp<sup>2</sup> hybridized carbon atoms. Field-emission scanning electron

microscopy image indicated the deposition of rGO on the cotton fabric. Elemental mapping analyses confirmed the

uniform distribution and coating of rGO on the cotton fabric. Ultraviolet protection factor (UPF) of rGO-deposited

fabric before and after laundering was 442.69 and 422.32 respectively, while the bare fabric had 7.83. Thus the

durability of rGO-deposited cotton fabric was enhanced than the bare cotton fabric. The UV tests indicates that the

fabric incorporating reduced graphene oxide could dramatically enhance the UV blocking property compared with bare

cotton fiber.

Keywords: Hydrothermal method; Cotton fabric; rGO; Raman spectrum; UV protection factor.

INTRODUCTION

For the past several decades, cotton has been considered as the most promising material in various fields, such

as protective clothing, medical textiles, sportswear and automotive textiles. It is more superior when comparing with

other material, since it has the excellent comfort, softness and biodegradability [1]. Functionalization of cotton with

nanosized material is used for stain resistance, antimicrobial, controlled hydrophilicity/hydrophobicity, antistatic,

ultraviolet (UV) protective, wrinkle resistant and shrink-proof abilities [2].

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