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ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

Investigating the Effect of SiO₂-Graphene Oxide Hybrid as Inorganic Nanofiller on

Corrosion Protection Properties of Epoxy Coatings

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Abstract: In this research, tetraethyl orthosilicate (TEOS) is used as organosilane to decorate the

surface of graphene oxide (GO) nanosheets by SiO₂ nanospheres via a facile method. Results of

X-ray diffraction analysis, Raman spectroscopy, Fourier transform infrared spectroscopy, field

emission scanning electron microscopy, and atomic force microscopy reveal that SiO₂

nanospheres have covered the surface of GO sheets through covalent bonding and SiO₂-GO

nanohybrids are successfully synthesized. Further, the effect of incorporating 0.1 wt.% GO

nanosheets and/or SiO₂-GO nanohybrids on properties of epoxy coatings is investigated. The

results show that the pull-off adhesion strength of epoxy coatings to mild steel substrates and the

water contact angle on coatings significantly increase via adding SiO₂-GO nanohybrids. The

potentiodynamic polarization test, electrochemical impedance spectroscopy (EIS) and salt spray

test results demonstrate that corrosion protection performance of epoxy coatings remarkably

enhances by embedding well-distributed SiO₂-GO nanohybrids compared to GO nanosheets.

Keywords: SiO₂; Graphene Oxide; Nanohybrids; Epoxy; Corrosion.

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