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Effects of preparation method and temperature on the cation distribution of ZnGa₂O₄ spinel

studied by X-ray photoelectron spectroscopy

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ZnGa₂O₄ spinel powders were prepared by two different methods: sol-gel method (SG) and

solid state reaction method (SSR). The distribution of cations (Ga³⁺, Zn²⁺) in the tetrahedral and

octahedral sites in ZnGa₂O₄ as a function of synthesis method and annealing temperature has been

investigated by X-ray photoelectron spectroscopy. The results showed that Ga³⁺ ions were located

in large proportions in the octahedral sites and in small proportions in the tetrahedral sites in all the

ZnGa₂O₄ powders. The inversion parameter (2 times the fraction of Ga³⁺ ions in tetrahedral sites)

decreased with increasing annealing temperature. The samples prepared by SSR method showed

lower inversion degree when compared with those by SG method. The change of Zn²⁺ fraction in

octahedral sites is consistent with that of inversion parameter. Analysis of the emission properties

indicated that Ga3+ ions occupied two coordination sites in the samples and changed with

temperature.

Keywords: ZnGa₂O₄ spinel; Cation distribution; X-ray photoelectron spectroscopy; Luminescence

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