# **Accepted Manuscript**

Ground state solutions to biharmonic equations involving critical nonlinearities and multiple singular potentials

Dongsheng Kang, Ping Xiong

PII: \$0893-9659(16)30320-2

DOI: http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.aml.2016.10.014

Reference: AML 5118

To appear in: Applied Mathematics Letters

Received date: 20 September 2016 Revised date: 30 October 2016 Accepted date: 30 October 2016

Please cite this article as: D. Kang, P. Xiong, Ground state solutions to biharmonic equations involving critical nonlinearities and multiple singular potentials, Appl. Math. Lett. (2016), http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.aml.2016.10.014

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting proof before it is published in its final form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.



# Ground state solutions to biharmonic equations involving critical nonlinearities and multiple singular potentials

## Dongsheng Kang\*, Ping Xiong

School of Mathematics and Statistics, South-Central University for Nationalities, Wuhan 430074, China.

#### Abstract

In this paper, a biharmonic problem is investigated, which involves critical Sobolev nonlinearity and multiple Rellich—type terms. By complicated asymptotic analysis and variational arguments, the existence and nonexistence of ground state solution to the problem are established.

**Keywords:** Biharmonic problem; ground state solution; Rellich inequality; variational method. **2000 Mathematics Subject Classification:** 35J60, 31B30, 35B33, 35B25

### 1 Introduction

In this paper, we study the following biharmonic problem:

$$\begin{cases}
\Delta^{2} u - \sum_{i=1}^{k} \frac{\mu_{i}}{|x - a_{i}|^{4}} u = u^{2^{*}-1}, \\
u \in D^{2,2}(\mathbb{R}^{N}), \quad u \ge 0 \text{ in } \mathbb{R}^{N} \setminus \{a_{1}, a_{2}, \cdots, a_{k}\},
\end{cases} (1.1)$$

where  $2^* := \frac{2N}{N-4}$  is the critical Sobolev exponent,  $D^{2,2}(\mathbb{R}^N)$  is the completion of  $C_0^{\infty}(\mathbb{R}^N)$  with respect to  $(\int_{\mathbb{R}^N} |\Delta \cdot|^2 dx)^{1/2}$  and the parameters satisfy the assumption:

$$(\mathcal{H}_1)$$
  $N \ge 5$ ,  $k \ge 2$ ,  $\mu_i \in \mathbb{R}$ ,  $a_i \in \mathbb{R}^N$ ,  $a_i \ne a_j$ ,  $i \ne j$ ,  $1 \le i, j \le k$ .

Problem (1.1) is related to the following Rellich inequality [1]:

$$\int_{\mathbb{R}^N} \frac{u^2}{|x-a|^4} dx \le \frac{1}{\bar{\mu}} \int_{\mathbb{R}^N} |\Delta u|^2 dx, \quad \forall a \in \mathbb{R}^N, \ u \in D^{2,2}(\mathbb{R}^N),$$

where  $\bar{\mu} := \left(\frac{N(N-4)}{4}\right)^2$ . Then the following best Sobolev constant is well defined:

$$S(\mu) = \inf_{u \in D^{2, 2}(\mathbb{R}^N) \setminus \{0\}} \frac{\int_{\mathbb{R}^N} \left( |\Delta u|^2 - \mu \frac{u^2}{|x - a|^4} \right) dx}{\left( \int_{\mathbb{R}^N} |u|^{2^*} dx \right)^{\frac{2}{2^*}}}, \quad a \in \mathbb{R}^N, \ \mu < \bar{\mu}.$$

<sup>\*</sup>Corresponding author. E-mail address: dongshengkang@scuec.edu.cn (D. Kang).

#### Download English Version:

# https://daneshyari.com/en/article/5471669

Download Persian Version:

https://daneshyari.com/article/5471669

<u>Daneshyari.com</u>