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Cristiano Germani, Tomislav Prokopec



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On primordial black holes from an inflection point

Cristiano Germani¹

Institut de Ciencies del Cosmos (ICCUB), Universitat de Barcelona, Mart Franqus 1, E08028 Barcelona, Spain

Tomislav Prokopec²

Institute for Theoretical Physics, Spinoza Institute and EMMEΦ, Utrecht University, Postbus 80.195, 3508 TD Utrecht, The Netherlands

Abstract

Recently, it has been claimed that inflationary models with an inflection point in the scalar potential can produce a large resonance in the power spectrum of curvature perturbation. In this paper however we show that the previous analyses are incorrect. The reason is twofold: firstly, the inflaton is over-shot from a stage of standard inflation and so deviates from the slow-roll attractor before reaching the inflection. Secondly, on the (or close to) the inflection point, the ultra-slow-roll trajectory supersede the slow-roll one and thus, the slow-roll approximations used in the literature cannot be used. We then reconsider the model and provide a recipe for how to produce nevertheless a large peak in the matter power spectrum *via* fine-tuning of parameters.

Keywords: Inflation; Primordial Black Holes; Dark Matter

1. Introduction

Undoubtedly, the most fascinating resolution of the missing Dark Matter (DM) problem would be that DM is entirely formed by black holes generated during inflation, *i.e.* by primordial black holes (PBHs). While until very recently it has been thought that this possibility is ruled out by Cosmic Microwave Background (CMB) observations, because of a significant numerical mistake in an earlier work [1], discovered in [2], this possibility has now come back in full glory. Although there are many possible astrophysical constraints on PBHs, those are questionable [3], [4] and thus, until further solid astrophysical arguments are given, one should seriously consider the possibility that

¹email: germani@icc.ub.edu

²email: t.prokopec@uu.nl

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