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 $Nd_2Fe_{14}C$ -based magnet with better permanent magnetic properties prepared by a simple mechanochemical method

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2	prepared by a simple mechanochemical method
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7	Abstract
8	Nd ₂ Fe ₁₄ C-based magnet is prepared by a mechanochemical method, namely high-energy
9	ball-milling $Nd_2Fe_{11}B_x$ (x=0-0.15) alloy in heptane (C ₇ H ₁₆), followed by annealing to 850°C in
10	vacuum. Under the action of high-energy ball-milling, $Nd_2Fe_{11}B_x$ react with heptane to form
11	$NdH_{2+\delta}$, Fe-(CB), C, etc. H ₂ is released and Nd_2Fe_{17} , $Nd_2Fe_{17}C_x$ (x=0-3), $Nd_2Fe_{14}C$, Nd carbides
12	and α -Fe are formed in the subsequent annealing. C amount depends on ball-milling time t. Long
13	time ball milling or high C content suppresses the formation of 2:17 phase and favors the
14	formation of 2:14:1 phase in the final products. Excessive ball-milling results in the quick increase
15	of α -Fe. The maximum of magnetically hard Nd ₂ Fe ₁₄ C is obtained at $t = 4$ h. For Nd ₂ Fe ₁₁ samples,
16	there exists considerable quantity of Nd carbides and α -Fe phase appears earlier and increases
17	rapidly with extending the ball-milling time <i>t</i> . The addition of B element shortens the ball-milling
18	time of the formation of maximum $Nd_2Fe_{14}C$ and prominently suppresses the formation of Nd
19	carbide and α -Fe. The optimum magnetic properties, coercivity _i H_c of 1193.7 kA/m, remanence M_r
20	of 580.9 kA/m, maximum magnetic energy product $(BH)_{max}$ of 91.7 KJ/m ³ is approaching to its
21	theoretic value of 99.2 KJ/m ³ for isotropic $Nd_2Fe_{14}C$ magnet, are obtained in $Nd_2Fe_{11}B_{0.06}$ alloy
22	ball milled for 3.5h.
23	Keywords: Nd ₂ Fe ₁₄ C; mechanochemical method; high-energy ball-milling; magnetic properties;
24	heptane
25	1. Introduction
26	Similar to the tetragonal $Nd_2Fe_{14}B$ (2:14:1) compound which is applied widely as permanent
27	magnet [1-3], the Nd ₂ Fe ₁₄ C compound also exhibits excellent intrinsic permanent magnetic

28 properties [4-5]. The magnetization of $Nd_2Fe_{14}C$ compound is a little smaller than that of

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