Accepted Manuscript

Title: Preparation and characterization of composites based on the blends of collagen, chitosan and hyaluronic acid with nano-hydroxyapatite

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PII: S0141-8130(16)32277-2

DOI: http://dx.doi.org/doi:10.1016/j.ijbiomac.2017.03.196

Reference: BIOMAC 7374

To appear in: International Journal of Biological Macromolecules

Received date: 3-11-2016 Revised date: 23-3-2017 Accepted date: 30-3-2017

Please cite this article as: Alina Sionkowska, Beata Kaczmarek, Preparation and characterization of composites based on the blends of collagen, chitosan and hyaluronic acid with nano-hydroxyapatite, International Journal of Biological Macromoleculeshttp://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.ijbiomac.2017.03.196

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Preparation and characterization of composites based on the blends of collagen, chitosan and

hyaluronic acid with nano-hydroxyapatite

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Abstract

3D porous composites based on the blend of chitosan, collagen and hyaluronic acid with the

addition of nano-hydroxyapatite were prepared. SEM images for the composites were made and the

structure was assessed. Mechanical properties were studied using a Zwick&Roell Testing Mashine.

In addition, the porosity and density of composites were measured. The concentration of calcium ions

released from the material was detected by the complexometric titration method.

The results showed that in 3D porous sponge based on the blend of chitosan, collagen and

hyaluronic acid, inorganic particles of nanohydroxyapatite can be incorporated, as well as that the

properties of 3D composites depend on the material composition. Mechanical parameters and thermal

stability of ternary biopolymeric blends were improved by the addition of hydroxyapatite. Moreover,

the porosity of ternary materials was higher than in materials based on pure chitosan or collagen. All

composites were characterized by a porous structure with interconnected pores. Calcium ions can be

released from the composite during its degradation in water.

Keywords: hydroxyapatite; ; ; ; , collagen, chitosan, hyaluronic acid, bone regeneration

1. Introduction

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