Accepted Manuscript

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PII: S1558-7878(16)30148-4

DOI: 10.1016/j.jveb.2016.09.003

Reference: JVEB 997

To appear in: Journal of Veterinary Behavior

Received Date: 13 June 2016

Revised Date: 7 September 2016 Accepted Date: 7 September 2016

Please cite this article as: Palestrini, C., Calcaterra, V., Cannas, S., Talamonti, Z., Papotti, F., Buttram, D., Pelizzo, G., Stress level evaluation in a dog during animal-assisted therapy in pediatric surgery, *Journal of Veterinary Behavior* (2016), doi: 10.1016/j.jveb.2016.09.003.

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Abstract

14

- 15 Animal-assisted interventions (AAIs) are associated with positive effects on human psychological and
- 16 physiological health. Although quality standards in AAIs appear to be high, only few investigations have
- focused on potential welfare implications in therapy dogs. In the present study, we monitored behavioral
- measures and heart rate in a therapy dog that participated in Animal-Assisted Therapy (AAT) during post-
- 19 operative awakening in a pediatric surgery ward. Work-related activity, behavior, response to human
- action, and heart rate were analyzed over 20 working sessions in an experienced therapy dog. No
- 21 physiological or behavioral indicators of stress, fatigue, or exhaustion were present during AAT, suggesting
- that, with the limited generalizability of a case study, this activity did not negatively impact on the welfare
- of the dog. Further investigation into the effects of animal-assisted therapy on dogs' physiological markers
- and behavior is warranted.
- 25 **Keywords:** animal-assisted therapy, animal welfare, behavior, heart rate, dog, stress

26 Introduction

- 27 Animal-assisted interventions (AAIs) are achieving a certain level of recognition worldwide and this is
- accompanied by a growing body of research on the effect of these programs on human health and well-
- being (Bernabei et al., 2013; Marcus, 2013; Calcaterra et al., 2015). AAIs, which use animals for human
- 30 benefit, can be considered animal assisted therapy (AAT) when they involve the implementation of goal-
- 31 directed, documented, and evaluated methodology in professional settings. In contrast, animal-assisted

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