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A case of Huge Solitary Fibrous Tumor (SFT) in Bladder

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Clinical Practice Points

- Solitary Fibrous Tumor (SFT) is a rare form of spindle cell tumor, especially in the elder female's bladder.
- We are presenting a case of 85-year-old female who suffered from the dysuria for two months without the hematuria. The cystoscopy revealed a huge, ill-defined protruding soft tissue mass, and to relieve the symptom of dysuria, she accepted the operation of the resection of bladder tumor. The definite diagnosis was confirmed as Solitary Fibrous Tumor in bladder according to pathologic findings.
- To our knowledge, we present the first Solitary Fibrous Tumor in bladder whose first symptom is dysuria.
- We suggest that complete excision of the lesion should be the effective treatment for Solitary Fibrous Tumor in bladder.

KEYWORDS

CD34; solitary fibrous tumor; urinary bladder; elder female

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Introduction

Solitary fibrous tumor was first described by Klemperer in 1931.^[1] It is confirmed that the SFT is originated in a CD34-positive dendritic mesenchymal cell, which is an indirection

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