Accepted Manuscript

Intrathecal clonidine as an adjuvant for neuraxial anaesthesia during caesarean delivery: a systematic review and meta-analysis of randomised trials

S Crespo, G Dangelser, G. Haller

PII:	S0959-289X(16)30172-8
DOI:	http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.ijoa.2017.06.009
Reference:	YIJOA 2588
To appear in:	International Journal of Obstetric Anesthesia
Accepted Date:	20 June 2017



Please cite this article as: Crespo, S., Dangelser, G., Haller, G., Intrathecal clonidine as an adjuvant for neuraxial anaesthesia during caesarean delivery: a systematic review and meta-analysis of randomised trials, *International Journal of Obstetric Anesthesia* (2017), doi: http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.ijoa.2017.06.009

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting proof before it is published in its final form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.

ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

1	Intrathecal clonidine as an adjuvant for neuraxial anaesthesia during caesarean delivery: a
2	systematic review and meta-analysis of randomised trials
3	
4	S Crespo, ¹ G Dangelser, ² G. Haller ³
5	
6	¹ Department of Anaesthesia, Pharmacology & Intensive Care, Geneva University Hospital
7	Switzerland
8	² Department of Anesthesia, Centre Medical de Kourou, Croix-Rouge Française, Guyane.
9	³ Division of Clinical Epidemiology, Geneva University Hospital-University of Geneva,
10	Switzerland
11	
12	Correspondence to: Sophie Crespo, Department of Anesthesia, Pharmacology &Intensive Care,
13	Geneva University Hospital, 4, Rue Gabrielle-Perret-Gentil, 1211 Genève
14	<i>E-mail address</i> : s.crespo@cmcnyon.ch
15	
16	Keywords: Caesarean delivery; spinal anaesthesia; clonidine; safety; alpha-2 adrenoreceptor
17	agonist
18	
19	
20	ABSTRACT
21	Background: Clonidine is used as adjuvant to local anaesthetics for spinal anaesthesia. Its
22	potential harm and benefits have not been systematically reviewed in obstetrics, and medical
23	regulatory authorities do not recommend its intrathecal administration. The aim of this study was
24	to assess the safety and efficacy of intrathecal clonidine for caesarean delivery.
25	Methods: We conducted a systematic literature search in Medline, Embase, the Cochrane
26	Library databases and trial registries for randomised trials assessing intrathecal clonidine as an
27	adjuvant to local anaesthetics in patients undergoing caesarean delivery. Studies were assessed
28	for quality, and data were extracted on study characteristics, safety and efficacy. Pooled data
29	analysis using random-effects models was performed. Relative risk (RR) or mean difference with
30	95% confidence intervals (CI) were used to analyse outcomes.

Download English Version:

https://daneshyari.com/en/article/5582113

Download Persian Version:

https://daneshyari.com/article/5582113

Daneshyari.com