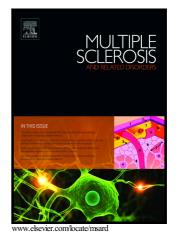
## Author's Accepted Manuscript

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### **ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT**

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#### ABSTRACT

#### BACKGROUND

Parasitic infections may play a protective role in neurodegenative diseases.

#### OBJECTIVE

To determine the association between Toxoplasma gondii (T. gondii) infection and Multiple Sclerosis (MS).

#### METHODS

One hundred fifteen patients with MS were included in the study. Sixty age and gender-matched healthy subjects were recruited as controls. Subjects were assessed for clinical and demographic parameters. The presence of specific IgG antibodies against *T. gondii* microorganism was searched by using an enzyme immunoassay test in the sera of the subjects.

#### RESULTS

*T. gondii* seropositivity was found to be lower in MS patients than in healthy controls (33.9% vs. 55%, p=0.007). Mean age and disease duration of the patients were  $41.15\pm11.20$  (18-74) and  $1.90\pm1.44$  (0-6) years, respectively.

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