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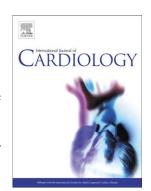
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Pharmacological treatment changes of chronic heart failure during cardiac resynchronization therapy: a 1-year follow-up study

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Abstract

Background:

Cardiac resynchronization therapy (CRT) is associated with improved morbidity and mortality in patients with chronic heart failure (HF) on optimal medical therapy. We aimed to evaluate changes of medical therapy during CRT and its influence on the CRT response.

Methods:

We evaluated 85 HF patients pharmacological treatment changes during 1-year follow-up of CRT. Statistical analysis was performed using IBM SPSS statistical software (SPSS v.21.0 for Mac OS X).

Results:

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