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Results of Proactive Surgical Clipping in Poor Grade Aneurysmal Subarachnoid Hemorrhage: Pattern of Recovery and Predictors of Outcome

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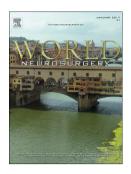
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ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

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1	Original article
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3	Title: Results of proactive surgical clipping in poor grade aneurysmal subarachnoid hemorrhage:
4	Pattern of recovery and predictors of outcome
5	
6	Abstract:
7	Background: The outcome associated with the treatment of poor grade aneurysmal
8	subarachnoid hemorrhage (p SAH) is rather discouraging. Even then, some patients may survive
9	the long term outcomes and the patterns of recovery of these survivors, however, has not
10	received much attention in the literature.
11	
12	Methods: 85 patients (mean age 53.3 years, M: F= 34:51, 98 aneurysms) with post resuscitation
13	Hunt and Hess grades 4 and 5 subarachnoid hemorrhage were studied. Modified Rankin Scale
14	score was used to determine the functional outcome. Different factors were analyzed using unit
15	and multivariate models for their effect on the functional outcomes after surgery.
16	
17	Results: 23 patients died in the 30-day perioperative period while eight patients died at follow-
18	up (n=31, 36.5%). Nearly 35% and 51% of the survivors obtained favorable short and long term
19	functional outcomes respectively. The presence of a space occupying hematoma (p=.014) and the
20	functional status at discharge significantly affected the long-term functionality (p=.004) in our

patients. The functional improvement was steady with time (the probability of good outcome at

about 2 months of discharge was around 65%, about 55% at 1 year and 40% at 2 years and then

achieved a plateau). Marked improvement occurred in 11% survivors even after 18 months.

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