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Compositional multivariate statistical analysis of thermal groundwater provenance: A hydrogeochemical case study from Ireland

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15 **Abstract**

- 16 Thermal groundwater is currently being exploited for district-scale heating in many locations
- world-wide. The chemical compositions of these thermal waters reflect the provenance and
- circulation patterns of the groundwater, which are controlled by recharge, rock type and
- 19 geological structure. Exploring the provenance of these waters using multivariate statistical
- analysis (MSA) techniques increases our understanding of the hydrothermal circulation
- 21 systems, and provides a reliable tool for assessing these resources.
- Hydrochemical data from thermal springs situated in the Carboniferous Dublin Basin in east-
- central Ireland were explored using MSA, including hierarchical cluster analysis (HCA) and
- 24 principal component analysis (PCA), to investigate the source aguifers of the thermal

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