Accepted Manuscript

Title: Molecular Tools to Understand the Bioremediation Effect of Plants and Earthworms on Contaminated Marine Sediments

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PII:	S0304-3894(15)00548-8
DOI:	http://dx.doi.org/doi:10.1016/j.jhazmat.2015.07.019
Reference:	HAZMAT 16946
To appear in:	Journal of Hazardous Materials
Received date:	22-4-2015
Revised date:	10-7-2015
Accepted date:	14-7-2015

Please cite this article as: Beatriz Moreno, Rosa Cañizares, Cristina Macci, Serena Doni, Grazia Masciandaro, Emilio Benitez, Molecular Tools to Understand the Bioremediation Effect of Plants and Earthworms on Contaminated Marine Sediments, Journal of Hazardous Materials http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.jhazmat.2015.07.019

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ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

Molecular Tools to Understand the Bioremediation Effect of Plants and Earthworms on Contaminated MarineSediments

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Highlights

- A bioremediation system applied to contaminated marine sediments is proposed.
- The best effects were found when plants and earthworms were combined.
- DNA and RNA-based methodologies were used to monitoring the process.
- Specialization within the bacterial community was detected during the process.
- Activity of Gram-positive PAH-degraders was related to hydrocarbons degradation.

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