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1 Abstract

2 Bumble bees are among the most ecologically and economically important pollinators worldwide, yet many of their populations are being threatened by a suite of interrelated, 3 human-mediated environmental changes. Here, I discuss recent progress in our 4 understanding of bumble bee ecophysiology, including advances related to thermal 5 6 biology in light of global warming: nutritional biology in the context of declining food 7 resources; and the capacity for bumble bees to exhibit physiological plasticity or adaptations to novel or extreme environments, with reference to their evolutionary 8 9 history and current biogeography.

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Bumble bee ecophysiology: integrating the changing environment
 and the organism

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20 Introduction

21 The extant bumble bees (genus *Bombus*, family Apidae) are a group of ~250 largely

22 cold-adapted, relatively large-bodied bee species, with native species distributed widely

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