Accepted Manuscript

Title: Detoxification Mechanism of Asbestos Materials by Microwave Treatment

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 PII:
 S0304-3894(14)00768-7

 DOI:
 http://dx.doi.org/doi:10.1016/j.jhazmat.2014.09.030

 Reference:
 HAZMAT 16278

To appear in: Journal of Hazardous Materials

 Received date:
 24-4-2014

 Revised date:
 14-8-2014

 Accepted date:
 4-9-2014

Please cite this article as: N. Yoshikawa, K. Kashimura, M. Hashiguchi, M. Sato, S. Horikoshi, T. Mitani, N. Shinohara, Detoxification Mechanism of Asbestos Materials by Microwave Treatment, *Journal of Hazardous Materials* (2014), http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.jhazmat.2014.09.030

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Research Highlights

The real and imaginary parts of the relative permittivity ($\epsilon r'$ and $\epsilon r''$) of CaO are functions of temperature for a constant frequency.

CaO has a higher loss factor (= tan) than Mg3Si4O12 at temperatures of 800 or higher.

Optical microscopic observation (×400) revealed that chrysotile fibers decreased in thickness as a result of microwave heating.

CaO is a key material of asbestos fiber degradations by microwave detoxification.

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