



Contents lists available at ScienceDirect

Journal of Functional Analysis

www.elsevier.com/locate/jfa



Reflection positive doubles



Arthur Jaffe^{a,*}, Bas Janssens^b

^a Harvard University, Cambridge, MA 02138, USA

^b Universiteit Utrecht, 3584 CD Utrecht, The Netherlands

ARTICLE INFO

Article history:

Received 25 July 2016

Accepted 19 November 2016

Available online 6 December 2016

Communicated by Stefaan Vaes

MSC:

47L07

81T25

82B20

46N50

46N55

Keywords:

Reflection positivity

Tomita–Takesaki theory

Parafermions

Lattice gauge theory

ABSTRACT

Here we introduce *reflection positive doubles*, a general framework for reflection positivity, covering a wide variety of systems in statistical physics and quantum field theory. These systems may be bosonic, fermionic, or parafermionic in nature. Within the framework of reflection positive doubles, we give necessary and sufficient conditions for reflection positivity. We use a reflection-invariant cone to implement our construction. Our characterization allows for a direct interpretation in terms of coupling constants, making it easy to check in concrete situations. We illustrate our methods with numerous examples.

© 2016 Elsevier Inc. All rights reserved.

Contents

1. Introduction	3507
1.1. Applications to mathematical physics	3509
1.2. Positive cones, twisted products	3509
1.3. Overview of the present paper	3511
2. Reflection positivity for \mathbb{Z}_p -graded algebras	3512
2.1. Graded topological algebras	3512

* Corresponding author.

E-mail addresses: arthur_jaffe@harvard.edu (A. Jaffe), B.Janssens@uu.nl (B. Janssens).

2.2.	Reflections and q -doubles	3513
2.3.	Functionals and reflection positivity	3514
2.4.	The twisted product	3516
2.5.	The reflection-positive cone	3517
2.6.	Boltzmann functionals	3518
2.7.	Factorization	3518
2.8.	Strictly positive functionals	3519
3.	Applications	3519
3.1.	Tensor products	3519
3.2.	Tomita–Takesaki modular theory	3520
3.3.	Grassmann algebras	3520
3.4.	Clifford algebras and CAR algebras	3522
3.5.	Parafermion algebras and CPR algebras	3524
4.	Sufficient conditions for reflection positivity	3526
4.1.	The reflection-positive cone	3526
4.2.	Sufficient conditions for RP	3528
5.	Necessary and sufficient conditions for RP	3530
5.1.	The matrix of coupling constants	3531
5.2.	Necessary conditions for RP	3533
5.3.	Characterization of RP	3534
6.	Lattice statistical physics	3535
7.	Bosonic systems	3536
7.1.	Bosonic classical systems	3536
7.1.1.	Reflection positivity	3537
7.1.2.	Reflection positivity of Boltzmann measures	3537
7.1.3.	Pair interactions and nearest neighbor interactions	3539
7.1.4.	Long range pair interactions	3540
7.2.	Bosonic quantum systems	3541
8.	Fermionic systems	3543
8.1.	Fermionic classical systems	3543
8.2.	Fermionic quantum systems	3545
9.	Lattice gauge theories: equivariant quantization	3546
9.1.	Gauge bosons	3547
9.1.1.	Reflection positivity	3547
9.2.	Lattice Yang–Mills theory	3549
9.3.	Fermions in lattice gauge theory	3550
9.3.1.	The reflection	3551
9.4.	Lattice QCD	3552
9.5.	Gauge transformations	3553
10.	Parafermions	3554
	Acknowledgments	3555
	References	3555

1. Introduction

There is amazing synergy among a number of developments in operator algebra theory, quantum field theory, and statistical physics that first emerged in the 1960's and 1970's. At the time several of these advances appeared independently, but we now understand them as part of a larger picture. Their interrelation may well lead to further deep insights.

The advances we think of include, on the side of mathematics, the Tomita–Takesaki theory for von Neumann algebras [42,41], the j -positive states of Woronowicz [43], and the self-dual cones of Araki, Connes, and Haagerup [1,4,18]. On the side of physics, they

Download English Version:

<https://daneshyari.com/en/article/5772458>

Download Persian Version:

<https://daneshyari.com/article/5772458>

[Daneshyari.com](https://daneshyari.com)