Accepted Manuscript

Commutants of separately radial Toeplitz operators in several variables

Trieu Le

 PII:
 S0022-247X(17)30344-X

 DOI:
 http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.jmaa.2017.03.088

 Reference:
 YJMAA 21286

To appear in: Journal of Mathematical Analysis and Applications

Received date: 11 January 2017



Please cite this article in press as: T. Le, Commutants of separately radial Toeplitz operators in several variables, *J. Math. Anal. Appl.* (2017), http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.jmaa.2017.03.088

This is a PDF file of an unedited manuscript that has been accepted for publication. As a service to our customers we are providing this early version of the manuscript. The manuscript will undergo copyediting, typesetting, and review of the resulting proof before it is published in its final form. Please note that during the production process errors may be discovered which could affect the content, and all legal disclaimers that apply to the journal pertain.

ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

COMMUTANTS OF SEPARATELY RADIAL TOEPLITZ OPERATORS IN SEVERAL VARIABLES

TRIEU LE

ABSTRACT. If φ is a bounded separately radial function on the unit ball, the Toeplitz operator T_{φ} is diagonalizable with respect to the standard orthogonal basis of monomials on the Bergman space. Given such a φ , we characterize bounded functions ψ for which T_{ψ} commutes with T_{φ} . Several examples are given to illustrate our results.

1. INTRODUCTION

Let $d \geq 1$ be a fixed integer. For $\mathbf{z} = (z_1, \ldots, z_d) \in \mathbb{C}^d$, we denote its Euclidean norm by $|\mathbf{z}| = \sqrt{|z_1|^2 + \cdots + |z_d|^2}$. We write \mathbb{B} for the open unit ball consisting of all $\mathbf{z} \in \mathbb{C}^d$ with $|\mathbf{z}| < 1$. Let ν denote the Lebesgue measure on \mathbb{B} normalized so that $\nu(\mathbb{B}) = 1$. The Bergman space A^2 consists of all holomorphic functions on \mathbb{B} which are square integrable with respect to ν . Since A^2 is a closed subspace of the Hilbert space $L^2 = L^2(\mathbb{B}, \nu)$, there is an orthogonal projection P from L^2 onto A^2 . For any bounded measurable function φ on the ball, the Toeplitz operator T_{φ} is defined by $T_{\varphi}h = P(\varphi h)$ for $h \in A^2$. It is immediate that T_{φ} is a bounded linear operator on A^2 with $||T_{\varphi}|| \leq ||\varphi||_{\infty}$. If φ is holomorphic on \mathbb{B} , then T_{φ} is the multiplication operator on A^2 with symbol φ .

The main goal of this paper is to study the commuting problem of Toeplitz operators on A^2 : given a non-constant function φ , find the necessary and sufficient conditions on the function ψ such that $T_{\varphi}T_{\psi} = T_{\psi}T_{\varphi}$. The commuting problem for Toeplitz operators on the Hardy space of the unit disk was solved completely by Brown and Halmos in their seminal paper [8] back in the early sixties. Their result has motivated a vast literature on the studies of commuting Toeplitz operators acting on other Hilbert spaces of analytic functions: the Bergman space over the unit disk [2, 3, 10], the Hardy and Bergman spaces over the polydisk or the ball in higher dimensions [9, 11, 16, 17, 22] and the Fock spaces [6, 5, 1], just to list a few. The interested reader is referred to the above papers for more references. Quite often, an additional assumption on the function φ is imposed. In fact, even on the Bergman space over the unit disk, the general commuting problem remains open.

²⁰¹⁰ Mathematics Subject Classification. Primary 47B35.

Key words and phrases. Bergman spaces; Toeplitz operators; commutants; separately radial functions.

Download English Version:

https://daneshyari.com/en/article/5774945

Download Persian Version:

https://daneshyari.com/article/5774945

Daneshyari.com