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Geochemical and isotopic evidence for a magmatic-hydrothermal origin of the polymetallic vein-type Zn-Pb deposits in the northwest margin of Jiangnan Orogen, South China

Zhengbing Zhou, Hanjie Wen, Chaojian Qin, Ling Liu

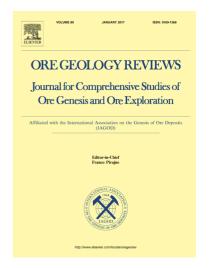
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ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

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- 6 Zhengbing Zhou a,b, Hanjie Wen a,*, Chaojian Qina, Ling Liuc
- 7 ^a State Key Laboratory of Ore Deposit Geochemistry, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Guiyang
- 8 550081, China
- 9 b University of Chinese Academy of Sciences, Beijing 100049, China
- ^c Geological Party 101, Guizhou Bureau of Geology and Minerals Exploration & Development,
- 11 Kaili 556000, China
- 12 *Corresponding author, Tel: +86 851 5895707; Fax: +86 851 5891246. E-mail:
- wenhanjie@vip.gyig.ac.cn

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Abstract

- Polymetallic vein-type Zn-Pb deposits are located in the Xiangxi-Qiandong
- 17 zinc-lead metallogenic belt (XQMB) of the northwestern margin of the Jiangnan
- 18 Orogen, South China. Ores are mainly found in fault-bounded quartz veins hosted in
- 19 the upper part of the Banxi Group that consists of low-grade metamorphic sandstone,
- 20 siltstone with minor tuff interbeds. The Zn-Pb deposits primarily contain sphalerite,
- 21 galena, chalcopyrite and pyrite, accompanied by quartz and minor calcite. Zinc, lead,
- 22 copper, indium and gallium are enriched in these ores. Investigation of the ore fluid
- reveals low temperature (87–262°C) with scattered salinity (range from 2.73 to 26.64
- 24 wt% NaCl_{eav.}). Hydrogen and oxygen isotopic compositions of fluid inclusions in
- quartz indicate mixing of magmatic hydrothermal fluid and meteoric water ($\delta^{18}O_{H2O}$
- 26 $_{\text{SMOW}}$ =0.2% to 4.2%; $\delta D_{\text{H2O SMOW}}$ =-126% to -80%). Carbon and oxygen isotopic
- 27 composition of carbonate samples indicate the magmatic hydrothermal origin of CO₃²⁻
- 28 or CO₂ in ore-forming fluid (δ^{13} C_{PDB=}-6.9% to -5.7%, δ^{18} O_{SMOW}=11.3% to 12.7%).

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