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Cretaceous rudist-bearing platform carbonates from the Lycian Nappes (SW Turkey): rudist associations and depositional setting

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Abstract: Lycian Nappes (in SW Turkey) lie between the Menderes Massif and Bey Dağları 14 carbonates and comprise thrust sheets (nappes piles) of Paleozoic-Cenozoic rocks, ophiolitic 15 and tectonic mélanges and serpentinized peridodites. This study focuses on identification of 16 rudists and their palaeoenvironmental features observed within the Cretaceous low grade 17 metamorphic successions (dominated by recrystallized limestones) from the Tavas and 18 Bodrum nappes. The study is based on fifteen stratigraphic sections measured from Tavas, 19 Fethiye, Köyceğiz, Bodrum, Ören and Bozburun areas. The Lower Cretaceous successions 20 with rudists are very sparse in the Lycian Nappes and a unique locality including a Berriasian 21 epidiceratid-requieniid assemblage is reported so far. A new requieniid-radiolitid assemblage 22 was found within the pre-Turonian (?Albian-?Cenomanian) limestones. Four different Upper 23 24 Cretaceous rudist assemblages were firstly identified as well: 1) Caprinid-Ichthyosarcolitid assemblage (middle-late Cenomanian); 2) Distefanellid assemblage (late Turonian); 3) 25 Hippuritid-Radiolitid assemblage (late Coniacian-Santonian-Campanian); 4) Radiolitid-26 27 Hippuritid assemblage ('middle'-late Maastrichtian). Microfacies data and field observations indicate that the rudists lived in the inner and outer shelves of the Cretaceous carbonate 28 platform(s) in this critical part of the Neotethys Ocean. Rudists formed isolated patchy 29

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