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Pollen distribution in surface sediments of the northern Lower Medjerda valley

(northeastern Tunisia)

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Abstract:

Past Mediterranean vegetation dynamics are commonly reconstructed using fossil pollen

records. However, the interpretation of pollen records in terms of vegetation, climate and land-

use changes is often limited due to complex pollen-vegetation relationships. So far, such

relationships have been poorly examined in the semi-arid regions of Northern Africa. This work

aims to document the modern pollen assemblages that reflect the main vegetation types

associated to different land-uses in the northeastern Tunisia. For that, we collected 29 modern

terrestrial surface samples in the Lower Medjerda valley and compared the pollen spectra to

remotely sensed vegetation data. This original approach, coupling pollen and remotely sensed

land cover data, presents some limitations and errors affecting both datasets although it gives

promising results. Multivariate analyses show that the composition of pollen samples collected

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